

# GRATchk: Verified (UN)SAT Certificate Checker

Peter Lammich

January 28, 2023

## Abstract

GRATchk is a formally verified and efficient checker for satisfiability and unsatisfiability certificates for Boolean formulas.

The verification covers the actual efficient implementation, and the semantics of a formula down to the integer sequences that represents it.

The satisfiability certificates are non-contradictory lists of literals, as output by any standard SAT solver. The unsatisfiability certificates are GRAT certificates, which can be generated from standard DRAT certificates by the GRATgen tool.

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Unit Propagation and RUP/RAT Checks</b>	<b>3</b>
2.1	Partial Assignments . . . . .	3
2.1.1	Models, Equivalence, and Redundancy . . . . .	7
2.2	Unit Propagation . . . . .	9
2.3	RUP and RAT Criteria . . . . .	9
2.4	Old <i>assign_all_negated</i> Formulation . . . . .	10
2.4.1	Properties of <i>assign_all_negated</i> . . . . .	11
<b>3</b>	<b>Basic Notions for the GRAT Format</b>	<b>12</b>
3.1	Input Parser . . . . .	12
3.2	Implementation . . . . .	14
3.2.1	Literals . . . . .	14
3.2.2	Assignment . . . . .	14
3.2.3	Clauses Database . . . . .	17
3.2.4	Clausesmap . . . . .	17
3.2.5	Clauses Database . . . . .	19
3.3	Common GRAT Stuff . . . . .	19
3.3.1	Clauses Map . . . . .	20
3.3.2	Correctness . . . . .	20
<b>4</b>	<b>Unsat Checker</b>	<b>21</b>
4.1	Abstract level . . . . .	22
4.2	Refinement — Backtracking . . . . .	32
4.3	Refinement 1 . . . . .	36
4.4	Refinement 2 . . . . .	48
4.4.1	Getting Out of Exception Monad . . . . .	48
4.4.2	Instantiating Input Locale . . . . .	49
4.4.3	Extraction from Locale . . . . .	50
4.4.4	Synthesis of Imperative Code . . . . .	52
4.5	Correctness Theorem . . . . .	58

<b>5</b>	<b>Satisfiability Check</b>	<b>58</b>
5.1	Abstract Specification . . . . .	58
5.2	Implementation . . . . .	59
5.2.1	Getting Out of Exception Monad . . . . .	60
5.3	Extraction from Locales . . . . .	60
5.3.1	Synthesis of Imperative Code . . . . .	60
5.4	Correctness Theorem . . . . .	61
<b>6</b>	<b>Code Generation and Summary of Correctness Theorems</b>	<b>62</b>
6.1	Code Generation . . . . .	62
6.2	Summary of Correctness Theorems . . . . .	62

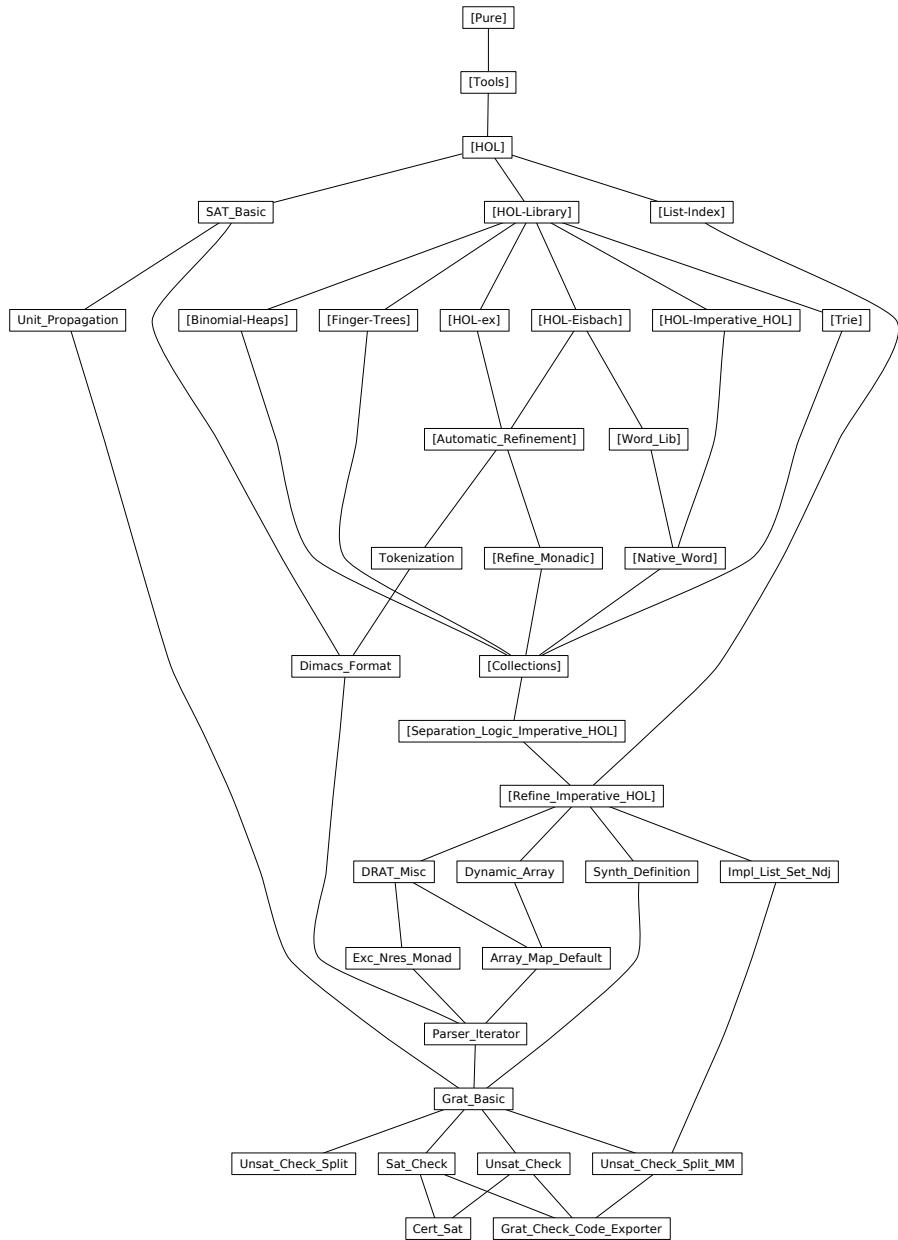


Figure 1: Theory dependency graph

# 1 Introduction

We present an efficient verified checker for satisfiability and unsatisfiability certificates obtained from SAT solvers.

Our sat certificates are lists of non-contradictory literals, as produced by virtually any SAT solver.

The de facto standard for unsat certificates is DRAT. Here, our checker uses a two step approach: The unverified GRATgen tool converts the DRAT certificates into GRAT certificates, which are then checked against the original formula by the verified GRATchk, presented in this formalization.

The GRAT certificates are engineered to admit a simple and efficient checker algorithm, which is well suited for formal verification. We use the Isabelle Refinement Framework to verify an efficient imperative implementation of the checker algorithm.

Our verification covers the semantics of a formula down to the integer sequence that represents it. This way, only a simple untrusted parser is required to read the formula from a file to an integer array. In Section 6.2, we give a complete and self-contained summary of what we actually proved.

## 2 Unit Propagation and RUP/RAT Checks

```
theory Unit_Propagation
imports SAT_Basic
begin
```

This theory formalizes the basics of unit propagation and RUP/RAT redundancy checks.

### 2.1 Partial Assignments

```
primrec sem_lit' :: 'a literal ⇒ ('a → bool) → bool where
  sem_lit' (Pos x) A = A x
| sem_lit' (Neg x) A = map_option Not (A x)

definition sem_clause' :: 'a literal set ⇒ ('a → bool) → bool where
  sem_clause' C A ≡
    if ∃ l ∈ C. sem_lit' l A = Some True then Some True
    else if ∀ l ∈ C. sem_lit' l A = Some False then Some False
    else None

definition compat_assignment :: ('a → bool) ⇒ ('a ⇒ bool) ⇒ bool
  where compat_assignment A σ ≡ ∀ x v. A x = Some v → σ x = v

lemma sem_neg_lit'[simp]:
  sem_lit' (neg_lit l) A = map_option Not (sem_lit' l A)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in −) sem_lit'_empty[simp]: sem_lit' l Map.empty = None
  ⟨proof⟩
```

We install a custom case distinction rule for *bool option*, which has the cases *undec*, *false*, and *true*.

```
fun boolopt_cases_aux where
  boolopt_cases_aux None = ()
| boolopt_cases_aux (Some False) = ()
| boolopt_cases_aux (Some True) = ()

lemmas boolopt_cases[case_names undec false true, cases type]
  = boolopt_cases_aux.cases

lemma not_Some_bool_if: [| a ≠ Some False; a ≠ Some True |] ⇒ a = None
  ⟨proof⟩
```

Rules to trigger case distinctions on the semantics of a clause with a distinguished literal.

```
lemma sem_clause_insert_eq_complete:
  sem_clause' (insert l C) A = (case sem_lit' l A of
```

```

Some True  $\Rightarrow$  Some True
| Some False  $\Rightarrow$  sem_clause' C A
| None  $\Rightarrow$  (case sem_clause' C A of
  None  $\Rightarrow$  None
  | Some False  $\Rightarrow$  None
  | Some True  $\Rightarrow$  Some True))
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sem_clause_empty[simp]: sem_clause' {} A = Some False
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sem_clause'_insert_true: sem_clause' (insert l C) A = Some True  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
sem_lit' l A = Some True  $\vee$  sem_clause' C A = Some True
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sem_clause'_insert_false[simp]:
sem_clause' (insert l C) A = Some False
 $\longleftrightarrow$  sem_lit' l A = Some False  $\wedge$  sem_clause' C A = Some False
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sem_clause'_union_false[simp]:
sem_clause' (C1  $\cup$  C2) A = Some False
 $\longleftrightarrow$  sem_clause' C1 A = Some False  $\wedge$  sem_clause' C2 A = Some False
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma compat_assignment_empty[simp]: compat_assignment Map.empty σ
⟨proof⟩

```

Assign variable such that literal becomes true

```

definition assign_lit A l  $\equiv$  A( var_of_lit l  $\mapsto$  is_pos l )

```

```

lemma assign_lit_simps[simp]:
assign_lit A (Pos x) = A(x  $\mapsto$  True)
assign_lit A (Neg x) = A(x  $\mapsto$  False)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma assign_lit_dom[simp]:
dom (assign_lit A l) = insert (var_of_lit l) (dom A)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sem_lit_assign[simp]: sem_lit' l (assign_lit A l) = Some True
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sem_lit'_none_conv: sem_lit' l A = None  $\longleftrightarrow$  A (var_of_lit l) = None
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma assign_undec_pres_dec_lit:
[ $\sqsubseteq$  sem_lit' l A = None; sem_lit' l' A = Some v]
 $\implies$  sem_lit' l' (assign_lit A l) = Some v
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma assign_undec_pres_dec_clause:
[ $\sqsubseteq$  sem_lit' l A = None; sem_clause' C A = Some v]
 $\implies$  sem_clause' C (assign_lit A l) = Some v
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sem_lit'_assign_conv: sem_lit' l' (assign_lit A l) =
if l' = l then Some True
else if l' = neg_lit l then Some False
else sem_lit' l' A
⟨proof⟩

```

Predicates for unit clauses

```

definition is_unit_lit A C l
 $\equiv l \in C \wedge \text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{None} \wedge (\text{sem\_clause}' (C - \{l\}) A = \text{Some False})$ 
definition is_unit_clause A C  $\equiv \exists l. \text{is\_unit\_lit} A C l$ 
definition the_unit_lit A C  $\equiv \text{THE } l. \text{is\_unit\_lit} A C l$ 

abbreviation (input) is_conflict_clause A C  $\equiv \text{sem\_clause}' C A = \text{Some False}$ 
abbreviation (input) is_true_clause A C  $\equiv \text{sem\_clause}' C A = \text{Some True}$ 

lemma sem_clause'_false_conv:
 $\text{sem\_clause}' C A = \text{Some False} \longleftrightarrow (\forall l \in C. \text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{Some False})$ 
(proof)

lemma sem_clause'_true_conv:
 $\text{sem\_clause}' C A = \text{Some True} \longleftrightarrow (\exists l \in C. \text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{Some True})$ 
(proof)

lemma the_unit_lit_eq[simp]: is_unit_lit A C l  $\implies \text{the\_unit\_lit} A C = l$ 
(proof)

lemma is_unit_lit_unique:  $[\text{is\_unit\_lit} C A l_1; \text{is\_unit\_lit} C A l_2] \implies l_1 = l_2$ 
(proof)

lemma is_unit_clauseE:
assumes is_unit_clause A C
obtains l C' where
 $C = \text{insert } l C'$ 
 $l \notin C'$ 
 $\text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{None}$ 
 $\text{sem\_clause}' C' A = \text{Some False}$ 
 $\text{the\_unit\_lit} A C = l$ 
(proof)

lemma is_unit_clauseE':
assumes is_unit_clause A C
obtains l C' where
 $C = \text{insert } l C'$ 
 $l \notin C'$ 
 $\text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{None}$ 
 $\text{sem\_clause}' C' A = \text{Some False}$ 
(proof)

lemma sem_not_false_the_unit_lit:
assumes is_unit_lit A C l
assumes l'  $\in C$ 
assumes sem_lit' l' A  $\neq \text{Some False}$ 
shows l' = l
(proof)

lemma sem_none_the_unit_lit:
assumes is_unit_lit A C l
assumes l'  $\in C$ 
assumes sem_lit' l' A = None
shows l' = l
(proof)

lemma is_unit_lit_unique_ss:
 $[\text{C}' \subseteq C; \text{is\_unit\_lit} A C' l'; \text{is\_unit\_lit} A C l] \implies l' = l$ 
(proof)

lemma is_unit_liti:
 $[\forall l \in C; \text{sem\_clause}' (C - \{l\}) A = \text{Some False}; \text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{None}]$ 
 $\implies \text{is\_unit\_lit} A C l$ 
(proof)

```

```

lemma is_unit_clauseI: is_unit_lit A C l  $\Rightarrow$  is_unit_clause A C
  {proof}

lemma unit_other_false:
  assumes is_unit_lit A C l
  assumes l'  $\in$  C l  $\neq$  l'
  shows sem_lit' l' A = Some False
  {proof}

lemma unit_clause_sem': is_unit_lit A C l  $\Rightarrow$  sem_clause' C A = None
  {proof}

lemma unit_clause_assign_dec:
  is_unit_lit A C l  $\Rightarrow$  sem_clause' C (assign_lit A l) = Some True
  {proof}

lemma unit_clause_sem: is_unit_clause A C  $\Rightarrow$  sem_clause' C A = None
  {proof}

lemma sem_not_unit_clause: sem_clause' C A  $\neq$  None  $\Rightarrow$   $\neg$ is_unit_clause A C
  {proof}

lemma unit_contains_no_true:
  assumes is_unit_clause A C
  assumes l  $\in$  C
  shows sem_lit' l A  $\neq$  Some True
  {proof}

lemma two_nfalse_not_unit:
  assumes l1  $\in$  C and l2  $\in$  C and l1  $\neq$  l2
  assumes sem_lit' l1 A  $\neq$  Some False and sem_lit' l2 A  $\neq$  Some False
  shows  $\neg$ is_unit_clause A C
  {proof}

lemma conflict_clause_assign_indep:
  assumes sem_clause' C (assign_lit A l) = Some False
  assumes neg_lit l  $\notin$  C
  shows sem_clause' C A = Some False
  {proof}

lemma sem_lit'_assign_undec_conv:
  sem_lit' l' (assign_lit A l) = None
   $\longleftrightarrow$  sem_lit' l' A = None  $\wedge$  var_of_lit l  $\neq$  var_of_lit l'
  {proof}

lemma unit_clause_assign_indep:
  assumes is_unit_clause (assign_lit A l) C
  assumes neg_lit l  $\notin$  C
  shows is_unit_clause A C
  {proof}

lemma clause_assign_false_cases[consumes 1, case_names no_lit lit]:
  assumes sem_clause' C (assign_lit A l) = Some False
  obtains neg_lit l  $\notin$  C sem_clause' C A = Some False
    | neg_lit l  $\in$  C sem_clause' (C - {neg_lit l}) A = Some False
  {proof}

lemma clause_assign_unit_cases[consumes 1, case_names no_lit lit]:
  assumes is_unit_clause (assign_lit A l) C
  obtains neg_lit l  $\notin$  C is_unit_clause A C
    | neg_lit l  $\in$  C

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma sem_clause_ins_assign_not_false[simp]:
  sem_clause' (insert l C) (assign_lit A l) ≠ Some False
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sem_clause_ins_assign_not_unit[simp]:
  ¬is_unit_clause (assign_lit A l) (insert l C')
  ⟨proof⟩

context
  fixes A :: 'a → bool and σ :: 'a ⇒ bool
  assumes C: compat_assignment A σ
begin
  lemma compat_lit: sem_lit' l A = Some v ⟹ sem_lit l σ = v
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma compat_clause: sem_clause' C A = Some v ⟹ sem_clause C σ = v
  ⟨proof⟩
end
```

### 2.1.1 Models, Equivalence, and Redundancy

```
definition models' F A ≡ { σ. compat_assignment A σ ∧ sem_cnf F σ}
definition sat' F A ≡ models' F A ≠ {}
definition equiv' F A A' ≡ models' F A = models' F A'
```

Alternative definition of models', which may be suited for presentation in paper.

```
lemma models' F A = models F ∩ Collect (compat_assignment A)
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma equiv'_refl[simp]: equiv' F A A ⟨proof⟩
lemma equiv'_sym: equiv' F A A' ⟹ equiv' F A' A
  ⟨proof⟩
lemma equiv'_trans[trans]: [equiv' F A B; equiv' F B C] ⟹ equiv' F A C
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma models_antimono: C' ⊆ C ⟹ models' C A ⊆ models' C' A
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma conflict_clause_imp_no_models:
  [C ∈ F; is_conflict_clause A C] ⟹ models' F A = {}
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma sat'_empty_iff[simp]: sat' F Map.empty = sat F
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma sat'_antimono: F ⊆ F' ⟹ sat' F' A ⟹ sat' F A
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma sat'_equiv: equiv' F A A' ⟹ sat' F A = sat' F A'
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma sat_iff_sat': sat F ⟷ (∃ A. sat' F A)
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
definition implied_clause F A C ≡ models' (insert C F) A = models' F A
definition redundant_clause F A C
  ≡ (models' (insert C F) A = {}) ⟷ (models' F A = {})
```

```
lemma redundant_clause_alt: redundant_clause F A C ⟷ sat' (insert C F) A = sat' F A
```

*(proof)*

**lemma** *redundant\_clauseI[intro?]*:  
  **assumes**  $\bigwedge \sigma. \llbracket \text{compat\_assignment } A \sigma; \text{sem\_cnf } F \sigma \rrbracket$   
     $\implies \exists \sigma'. \text{compat\_assignment } A \sigma' \wedge \text{sem\_clause } C \sigma' \wedge \text{sem\_cnf } F \sigma'$   
  **shows** *redundant\_clause F A C*  
*(proof)*

**lemma** *implied\_clauseI[intro?]*:  
  **assumes**  $\bigwedge \sigma. \llbracket \text{compat\_assignment } A \sigma; \text{sem\_cnf } F \sigma \rrbracket \implies \text{sem\_clause } C \sigma$   
  **shows** *implied\_clause F A C*  
*(proof)*

**lemma** *implied\_is\_redundant*: *implied\_clause F A C*  $\implies$  *redundant\_clause F A C*  
*(proof)*

**lemma** *add\_redundant\_sat\_iff[simp]*:  
  *redundant\_clause F A C*  $\implies$  *sat' (insert C F) A = sat' F A*  
*(proof)*

**lemma** *true\_clause\_implied*:  
  *sem\_clause' C A = Some True*  $\implies$  *implied\_clause F A C*  
*(proof)*

**lemma** *equiv'\_map\_empty\_sym*:  
  *NO\_MATCH Map.empty A*  $\implies$  *equiv' F Map.empty A \leftrightarrow equiv' F A Map.empty*  
*(proof)*

**lemma** *tautology*:  $\llbracket l \in C; \text{neg\_lit } l \in C \rrbracket \implies \text{sem\_clause } C \sigma$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *implied\_taut*:  $\llbracket l \in C; \text{neg\_lit } l \in C \rrbracket \implies \text{implied\_clause F A C}$   
*(proof)*

**definition** *is\_syn\_taut C*  $\equiv C \cap \text{neg\_lit} ' C \neq \{\}$   
**definition** *is\_blocked A C*  $\equiv \text{sem\_clause}' C A = \text{Some True} \vee \text{is\_syn\_taut } C$   
**lemma** *is\_blocked\_alt*:  
  *is\_blocked A C*  $\leftrightarrow \text{sem\_clause}' C A = \text{Some True} \vee C \cap \text{neg\_lit} ' C \neq \{\}$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *is\_syn\_taut\_empty[simp]*:  $\neg \text{is\_syn\_taut } \{\}$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *is\_syn\_taut\_conv*: *is\_syn\_taut C*  $\leftrightarrow (\exists l. l \in C \wedge \text{neg\_lit } l \in C)$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *empty\_not\_blocked[simp]*:  $\neg \text{is\_blocked } A \{\}$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *is\_blocked\_insert\_iff*:  
  *is\_blocked A (insert l C)*  
   $\leftrightarrow \text{is\_blocked } A C \vee \text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{Some True} \vee \text{neg\_lit } l \in C$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *is\_blockedI1*:  $\llbracket l \in C; \text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{Some True} \rrbracket \implies \text{is\_blocked } A C$   
*(proof)*

**lemma** *is\_blockedI2*:  $\llbracket l \in C; \text{neg\_lit } l \in C \rrbracket \implies \text{is\_blocked } A C$   
*(proof)*

```
lemma syn_taut_true[simp]: is_syn_taut C  $\implies$  sem_clause C σ = True
  (proof)
```

```
lemma syn_taut_imp_blocked: is_syn_taut C  $\implies$  is_blocked A C
  (proof)
```

```
lemma blocked_redundant: is_blocked A C  $\implies$  redundant_clause F A C
  (proof)
```

```
lemma blocked_clause_true:
  [is_blocked A C; compat_assignment A σ]  $\implies$  sem_clause C σ
  (proof)
```

## 2.2 Unit Propagation

```
lemma unit_propagation:
  assumes C ∈ F
  assumes UNIT: is_unit_lit A C l
  shows equiv' F A (assign_lit A l)
  (proof)
```

```
inductive-set prop_unit_R :: 'a cnf  $\Rightarrow$  (('a → bool) × ('a → bool)) set for F
  where
    step: [C ∈ F; is_unit_lit A C l]  $\implies$  (A, assign_lit A l) ∈ prop_unit_R F
```

```
lemma prop_unit_R_Domain[simp]:
  A ∈ Domain (prop_unit_R F)  $\leftrightarrow$  (∃ C ∈ F. is_unit_clause A C)
  (proof)
```

```
lemma prop_unit_R_equiv:
  assumes (A, A') ∈ (prop_unit_R F)*
  shows equiv' F A A'
  (proof)
```

```
lemma wf_prop_unit_R: finite F  $\implies$  wf ((prop_unit_R F)-1)
  (proof)
```

## 2.3 RUP and RAT Criteria

RAT-criterion to check for a redundant clause: Pick a *resolution literal*  $l$  from the clause, which is not assigned to false, and then check that all resolvents of the clause are implied clauses.

Note: We include  $l$  in the resolvents here, as drat-trim does.

```
lemma abs_rat_criterion:
  assumes LIC: l ∈ C
  assumes NFALSE: sem_lit' l A ≠ Some False
  assumes CANDS: ∀ D ∈ F. neg_lit l ∈ D
     $\longrightarrow$  implied_clause F A (C ∪ (D - {neg_lit l}))
  shows redundant_clause F A C
  (proof)
```

```
lemma abs_rat_criterion':
  assumes RAT: ∃ l ∈ C.
    sem_lit' l A ≠ Some False
     $\wedge$  (∀ D ∈ F. neg_lit l ∈ D  $\longrightarrow$  implied_clause F A (C ∪ (D - {neg_lit l})))
  shows redundant_clause F A C
  (proof)
```

Assign all literals of clause to false.

```
definition and_not_C A C ≡ λv.
```

*if Pos*  $v \in C$  *then Some False else if Neg*  $v \in C$  *then Some True else A v*

**lemma** *compat\_and\_not\_C*:

**assumes** *compat\_assignment A σ*

**assumes**  $\neg \text{sem\_clause } C \sigma$

**shows** *compat\_assignment (and\_not\_C A C) σ*

*(proof)*

**lemma** *and\_not\_empty[simp]: and\_not\_C A {} = A*

*(proof)*

**lemma** *and\_not\_insert\_None: sem\_lit' l (and\_not\_C A C) = None*

$\implies \text{and\_not\_C A} (\text{insert } l C) = \text{assign\_lit} (\text{and\_not\_C A C}) (\text{neg\_lit } l)$

*(proof)*

**lemma** *and\_not\_insert\_False: sem\_lit' l (and\_not\_C A C) = Some False*

$\implies \text{and\_not\_C A} (\text{insert } l C) = \text{and\_not\_C A C}$

*(proof)*

**lemma** *sem\_lit\_and\_not\_C\_conv: sem\_lit' l (and\_not\_C A C) = Some v  $\longleftrightarrow$  (*

$(l \notin C \wedge \text{neg\_lit } l \notin C \wedge \text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{Some } v)$

$\vee (l \in C \wedge \text{neg\_lit } l \notin C \wedge v = \text{False})$

$\vee (l \notin C \wedge \text{neg\_lit } l \in C \wedge v = \text{True})$

$\vee (l \in C \wedge \text{neg\_lit } l \in C \wedge v = (\neg \text{is\_pos } l))$

)

*(proof)*

**lemma** *sem\_lit\_and\_not\_C\_None\_conv: sem\_lit' l (and\_not\_C A C) = None  $\longleftrightarrow$*

$\text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{None} \wedge l \notin C \wedge \text{neg\_lit } l \notin C$

*(proof)*

Check for implied clause by RUP: If the clause is not blocked, assign all literals of the clause to false, and search for an equivalent assignment (usually by unit-propagation), which has a conflict.

**lemma** *one\_step\_implied:*

**assumes**  $RC: \neg \text{is\_blocked } A C \implies$

$\exists A_1. \text{equiv}' F (\text{and\_not\_C A C}) A_1 \wedge (\exists E \in F. \text{is\_conflict\_clause } A_1 E)$

**shows** *implied\_clause F A C*

*(proof)*

The unit-propagation steps of  $(\neg \text{is\_blocked } ?A ?C \implies \exists A_1. \text{equiv}' ?F (\text{and\_not\_C } ?A ?C) A_1 \wedge (\exists E \in ?F. \text{sem\_clause}' E A_1 = \text{Some False})) \implies \text{implied\_clause } ?F ?A ?C$  can also be distributed over between the assignments of the negated literals. This is an optimization used for the RAT-check, where an initial set of unit-propagations can be shared between all candidate checks.

**lemma** *two\_step\_implied:*

**assumes**  $\neg \text{is\_blocked } A C$

$\implies \exists A_1. \text{equiv}' F (\text{and\_not\_C A C}) A_1 \wedge (\neg \text{is\_blocked } A_1 D$

$\rightarrow (\exists A_2. \text{equiv}' F (\text{and\_not\_C A}_1 D) A_2 \wedge (\exists E \in F. \text{is\_conflict\_clause } A_2 E)))$

**shows** *implied\_clause F A (C ∪ D)*

*(proof)*

## 2.4 Old assign\_all\_negated Formulation

**definition** *assign\_all\_negated A C ≡ let UD = {l ∈ C. sem\_lit' l A = None} in*

$A ++ (\lambda l. \quad \text{if Pos } l \in UD \text{ then Some False}$

$\quad \text{else if Neg } l \in UD \text{ then Some True}$

$\quad \text{else None})$

**lemma** *abs\_rup\_criterion:*

**assumes** *models' F (assign\_all\_negated A C) = {}*

**shows** *implied\_clause F A C*

*(proof)*

### 2.4.1 Properties of assign\_all\_negated

```

lemma sem_lit_assign_all_negated_cases[consumes 1, case_names None Neg Pos]:
assumes sem_lit' l (assign_all_negated A C) = Some v
obtains sem_lit' l A = Some v
| sem_lit' l A = None neg_lit l ∈ C v=True
| sem_lit' l A = None l ∈ C v=False
⟨proof⟩

lemma sem_lit_assign_all_negated_none_iff:
sem_lit' l (assign_all_negated A C) = None
longleftrightarrow (sem_lit' l A = None ∧ l ∉ C ∧ neg_lit l ∉ C)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sem_lit_assign_all_negated_pres_decided:
assumes sem_lit' l A = Some v
shows sem_lit' l (assign_all_negated A C) = Some v
⟨proof⟩

lemma sem_lit_assign_all_negated_assign:
assumes ∀ l ∈ C. neg_lit l ∉ C l ∈ C sem_lit' l A = None
shows sem_lit' l (assign_all_negated A C) = Some False
⟨proof⟩

lemma sem_lit_assign_all_negated_neqv:
sem_lit' l (assign_all_negated A C) ≠ Some v ⟹ sem_lit' l A ≠ Some v
⟨proof⟩

lemma aan_idem[simp]:
assign_all_negated (assign_all_negated A C) C = assign_all_negated A C
⟨proof⟩

lemma aan dbl:
assumes ∀ l ∈ C ∪ C'. neg_lit l ∉ C ∪ C'
shows assign_all_negated (assign_all_negated A C) C'
= assign_all_negated A (C ∪ C')
⟨proof⟩

lemma aan_mono2:
[ C ⊆ C'; ∀ l ∈ C'. neg_lit l ∉ C' ]
implies assign_all_negated A C ⊆_m assign_all_negated A C'
⟨proof⟩

lemma aan_empty[simp]: assign_all_negated A {} = A
⟨proof⟩

lemma aan_restrict:
assign_all_negated A C |` (¬ var_of_lit ` {l ∈ C. sem_lit' l A = None}) = A
⟨proof⟩

lemma aan_insert:
assumes ∀ l' ∈ C. sem_lit' l' A ≠ Some True ∧ neg_lit l' ∉ C
assumes sem_lit' l A ≠ Some True ∧ neg_lit l ∉ C
shows assign_lit (assign_all_negated A C) (neg_lit l)
= assign_all_negated A (insert l C)
⟨proof⟩

lemma aan_insert_set:
assumes sem_lit' l A ≠ None
shows assign_all_negated A (insert l C) = assign_all_negated A C
⟨proof⟩

end

```

### 3 Basic Notions for the GRAT Format

```

theory Grat_Basic
imports
  Unit_Propagation
  Refine_Imperative_HOL.Sepref_ICF_Bindings
  Exc_Nres_Monad
  DRAT_Misc
  Synth_Definition
  Dynamic_Array
  Array_Map_Default
  Parser_Iterator
  DRAT_Misc
  Automatic_Refinement.Misc
begin

hide-const (open) Word.slice

```

```

lemma list_set_assn_finite[simp, intro]:
  [| rdomp (list_set_assn (pure R)) s; single_valued R |] ==> finite s
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma list_set_assn_IS_TO_SORTED_LIST_GA'[sepref_gen_algo_rules]:
  [| CONSTRAINT (IS PURE IS_LEFT_UNIQUE) A;
     CONSTRAINT (IS PURE IS_RIGHT_UNIQUE) A |]
  ==> GEN_ALGO (return) (IS_TO_SORTED_LIST (λ_. True) (list_set_assn A) A)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

#### 3.1 Input Parser

```

locale input_pre =
  iterator it_invar' it_next it_peek
  for it_invar' it_next and it_peek :: 'it::linorder => int +
  fixes
    it_end :: 'it

begin
  definition it_invar it ≡ itran it it_end
  lemma it_invar_imp[simp, intro]: it_invar it ==> it_invar' it
    ⟨proof⟩
  lemma it_invar_imp_ran[simp, intro]: it_invar it ==> itran it it_end
    ⟨proof⟩
  lemma itran_invarD: itran it it_end ==> it_invar it
    ⟨proof⟩
  lemma itran_invarI: [| itran it it'; it_invar it' |] ==> it_invar it
    ⟨proof⟩

```

```

end

```

```

type-synonym 'it error = String.literal × int option × 'it option

```

```

locale input = input_pre it_invar' it_next it_peek it_end
  for it_invar': 'it::linorder => _ and it_next it_peek it_end +
  assumes
    it_end_invar[simp, intro!]: it_invar it_end
begin

```

```

definition WF ≡ { (it_next it, it) | it. it_invar it ∧ it ≠ it_end}
lemma wf_WF[simp, intro!]: wf WF
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmas wf_WF_trancl[simp, intro!] = wf_trancl[OF wf_WF]

lemma it_next_invar[simp, intro!]:
  [ it_invar it; it ≠ it_end ] ⇒ it_invar (it_next it)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma it_next_wf[simp, intro]:
  [ it_invar it; it ≠ it_end ] ⇒ (it_next it, it) ∈ WF
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma seg_wf[simp, intro]: [seg it l it'; it_invar it'] ⇒ (it', it) ∈ WF*
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lz_string_wf[simp, intro]:
  [lz_string 0 it l ita; it_invar ita] ⇒ (ita, it) ∈ WF+
  ⟨proof⟩

```

Some abbreviations to conveniently construct error messages.

```

abbreviation mk_err :: String.literal ⇒ 'it error
  where mk_err msg ≡ (msg, None, None)
abbreviation mk_errN :: String.literal ⇒ _ ⇒ 'it error
  where mk_errN msg n ≡ (msg, Some (int n), None)
abbreviation mk_errI :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ 'it error
  where mk_errI msg i ≡ (msg, Some i, None)
abbreviation mk_errit :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ 'it error
  where mk_errit msg it ≡ (msg, None, Some it)
abbreviation mk_errNit :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ _ ⇒ 'it error
  where mk_errNit msg n it ≡ (msg, Some (int n), Some it)
abbreviation mk_errIt :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ _ ⇒ 'it error
  where mk_errIt msg i it ≡ (msg, Some i, Some it)

```

Check that iterator has not reached the end.

```

definition check_not_end it
  ≡ CHECK (it ≠ it_end) (mk_err STR "Parsed beyond end")

lemma check_not_end_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
  it_invar it ⇒ check_not_end it ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ_. it ≠ it_end)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

Skip one element.

```

definition skip it ≡ doE {
  EASSERT (it_invar it);
  check_not_end it;
  ERETURN (it_next it)
}

```

Read a literal

```

definition parse_literal it ≡ doE {
  EASSERT(it_invar it ∧ it ≠ it_end ∧ it_peek it ≠ litZ );
  ERETURN (lit_α (it_peek it), it_next it)
}

```

Read an integer

```

definition parse_int it ≡ doE {
  EASSERT (it_invar it);
  check_not_end it;
  ERETURN (it_peek it, it_next it)
}

```

}

Read a natural number

```

definition parse_nat it0 ≡ doE {
  (x,it) ← parse_int it0;
  CHECK (x≥0) (mk_errIt STR "Invalid nat" x it0);
  ERETURN (nat x,it)
}

lemma parse_literal_spec[THEN ESPEC_trans,refine_vcg]:
  [it_invar it; it ≠ it_end; it_peek it ≠ litZ]
  ⇒ parse_literal it
  ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ(l,it). it_invar it' ∧ (it',it) ∈ WF+)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma skip_spec[THEN ESPEC_trans,refine_vcg]:
  [it_invar it]
  ⇒ skip it ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ(it'. it_invar it' ∧ (it',it) ∈ WF+)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parse_int_spec[THEN ESPEC_trans,refine_vcg]:
  [it_invar it]
  ⇒ parse_int it ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ(x,it'). it_invar it' ∧ (it',it) ∈ WF+)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parse_nat_spec[THEN ESPEC_trans,refine_vcg]:
  [it_invar it]
  ⇒ parse_nat it ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ(x,it'). it_invar it' ∧ (it',it) ∈ WF+)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

We inline many of the specifications on breaking down the exception monad

```

lemmas [enres_inline] = check_not_end_def skip_def parse_literal_def
parse_int_def parse_nat_def

end

```

## 3.2 Implementation

### 3.2.1 Literals

```

definition lit_rel ≡ br lit_α lit_invar
abbreviation lit_assn ≡ pure lit_rel

```

```

interpretation lit_dflt_option: dflt_option pure lit_rel 0 return oo (=)
  ⟨proof⟩
applyS sep_auto
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma neg_lit_refine[sepref_import_param]:
  (uminus, neg_lit) ∈ lit_rel → lit_rel
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma lit_α_refine[sepref_import_param]:
  (λx. x, lit_α) ∈ [λx. x≠0]f int_rel → lit_rel
  ⟨proof⟩

```

### 3.2.2 Assignment

```

definition vv_rel ≡ {(1:nat, False), (2, True)}

```

```

definition assignment_assn ≡ amd_assn 0 id_assn (pure vv_rel)

```

```

lemmas [safe_constraint_rules] = CN_FALSEI[of is_pure_assignment_assn]
type-synonym i_assignment = (nat,bool) i_map

lemmas [intf_of_assn]
= intf_of_assnI[where R=assignment_assn and 'a=(nat,bool) i_map]

sepref-decl-op lit_is_true:  $\lambda(l:\text{nat literal}) A. \text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{Some True}$ 
:: (Id:(nat literal×_) set) → ⟨nat_rel, bool_rel⟩ map_rel → bool_rel ⟨proof⟩

sepref-decl-op lit_is_false:  $\lambda(l:\text{nat literal}) A. \text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{Some False}$ 
:: (Id:(nat literal×_) set) → ⟨nat_rel, bool_rel⟩ map_rel → bool_rel ⟨proof⟩

sepref-decl-op (no_def)
assign_lit :: _ ⇒ nat literal ⇒ _
:: ⟨nat_rel, bool_rel⟩ map_rel → (Id:(nat literal×_) set)
→ ⟨nat_rel, bool_rel⟩ map_rel ⟨proof⟩

sepref-decl-op
unset_lit:  $\lambda(A:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{bool}) l. A(\text{var\_of\_lit } l := \text{None})$ 
:: ⟨nat_rel, bool_rel⟩ map_rel → (Id:(nat literal×_) set)
→ ⟨nat_rel, bool_rel⟩ map_rel ⟨proof⟩

lemma [def_pat_rules]:
(=)$(sem_lit'$l$A)$(Some$True) ≡ op_lit_is_true$l$A
(=)$(sem_lit'$l$A)$(Some$False) ≡ op_lit_is_false$l$A
⟨proof⟩

lemma lit_eq_impl[sepref_import_param]:
((=), (=)) ∈ lit_rel → lit_rel → bool_rel
⟨proof⟩

lemma var_of_lit_refine[sepref_import_param]:
(nat o abs, var_of_lit) ∈ lit_rel → nat_rel
⟨proof⟩

lemma is_pos_refine[sepref_import_param]:
( $\lambda x. x > 0$ , is_pos) ∈ lit_rel → bool_rel
⟨proof⟩

lemma op_lit_is_true_alt: op_lit_is_true l A = (let
x = A (var_of_lit l);
p = is_pos l
in
if x = None then False
else (p ∧ the x = True ∨ ¬p ∧ the x = False)
)
⟨proof⟩

lemma op_lit_is_false_alt: op_lit_is_false l A = (let
x = A (var_of_lit l);
p = is_pos l
in
if x = None then False
else (p ∧ the x = False ∨ ¬p ∧ the x = True)
)
⟨proof⟩

definition [simp, code_unfold]: vv_eq_bool x y ≡ y ←→ x = 2

lemma [sepref_opt_simps]:
vv_eq_bool x True ←→ x = 2

```

```

vv_eq_bool x False  $\longleftrightarrow$  x $\neq$ 2
⟨proof⟩

lemma vv_bool_eq_refine[sepref_import_param]:
  (vv_eq_bool, (=)) ∈ vv_rel → bool_rel → bool_rel
  ⟨proof⟩

sepref-definition op_lit_is_trueImpl is uncurry (RETURN oo op_lit_is_true)
  :: (pure lit_rel)k *a assignment_assnk →a bool_assn
  ⟨proof⟩

sepref-definition op_lit_is_falseImpl is uncurry (RETURN oo op_lit_is_false)
  :: (pure lit_rel)k *a assignment_assnk →a bool_assn
  ⟨proof⟩

definition [simp]: b2vv_conv b ≡ b
definition [code_unfold]: b2vv_convImpl b ≡ if b then 2 else 1::nat

lemma b2vv_convImpl_refine[sepref_import_param]:
  (b2vv_convImpl, b2vv_conv) ∈ bool_rel → vv_rel
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma vv_unused0[safe_constraint_rules]: (is_unused_elem 0) (pure vv_rel)
  ⟨proof⟩

sepref-definition assign_litImpl
  is uncurry (RETURN oo assign_lit)
  :: assignment_assnd *a (pure lit_rel)k →a assignment_assn
  ⟨proof⟩

term op_unset_lit
sepref-definition unset_litImpl
  is uncurry (RETURN oo op_unset_lit)
  :: assignment_assnd *a (pure lit_rel)k →a assignment_assn
  ⟨proof⟩

sepref-definition unset_varImpl
  is uncurry (RETURN oo op_map_delete)
  :: (pure nat_rel)k *a assignment_assnd →a assignment_assn
  ⟨proof⟩

sepref-definition assignment_emptyImpl is uncurry0 (RETURN op_map_empty)
  :: unit_assnk →a assignment_assn
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma assignment_assn_id_map_rel_fold:
  hr_comp assignment_assn ((nat_rel, bool_rel)map_rel) = assignment_assn
  ⟨proof⟩

context
  notes [fcomp_norm_unfold] = assignment_assn_id_map_rel_fold
begin
  sepref-decl-impl op_lit_is_trueImpl.refine ⟨proof⟩
  sepref-decl-impl op_lit_is_falseImpl.refine ⟨proof⟩
  sepref-decl-impl assign_litImpl.refine ⟨proof⟩
  sepref-decl-impl unset_litImpl.refine ⟨proof⟩
  sepref-decl-impl unset_varImpl.refine
    uses op_map_delete.ref[where K=Id and V=Id] ⟨proof⟩
  sepref-decl-impl (no_register) assignment_empty; assignment_emptyImpl.refine
    uses op_map_empty.ref[where K=Id and V=Id] ⟨proof⟩
end

```

```

definition [simp]: op_assignment_empty ≡ op_map_empty
interpretation assignment: map_custom_empty op_assignment_empty
  ⟨proof⟩
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = assignment_empty_hnr[folded op_assignment_empty_def]

```

### 3.2.3 Clause Database

type-synonym clausedb2 = int list

```

locale DB2_def_loc =
  fixes DB :: clausedb2
  fixes frml_end :: nat
begin
  lemmas amtx_pats[pat_rules def]
  sublocale liti: array_iterator DB ⟨proof⟩

  lemmas liti.a_assn_rdompD[dest!]

abbreviation error_assn
  ≡ id_assn ×a option_assn int_assn ×a option_assn liti.it_assn
end

```

```

locale DB2_loc = DB2_def_loc +
  assumes DB_not_Nil[simp]: DB ≠ []
begin
  sublocale input_pre liti.I liti.next liti.peek liti.end
    ⟨proof⟩

  sublocale input liti.I liti.next liti.peek liti.end
    ⟨proof⟩
end

```

### 3.2.4 Clausemap

```

definition (in -) abs_cr_register
  :: 'a literal ⇒ 'id ⇒ ('a literal → 'id list) ⇒ ('a literal → 'id list)
  where abs_cr_register l cid cr ≡ case cr l of
    None ⇒ cr | Some s ⇒ cr(l ↦ mbhd_insert cid s)

```

type-synonym creg = (nat list option) array

term int\_encode term int\_decode  
term map\_option

```

definition is_creg :: (nat literal → nat list) ⇒ creg ⇒ assn where
  is_creg cr a ≡ ∃ A f. is_nff None f a
  * ↑(cr = f o int_encode o lit_γ)

```

```

lemmas [intf_of_assn]
  = intf_of_assnI[where R=is_creg and 'a=(nat literal,nat list) i_map]

```

```

definition creg_dflt_size ≡ 16::nat
definition creg_empty :: creg Heap
  where creg_empty ≡ dyn_array_new_sz None creg_dflt_size

```

```

lemma creg_empty_rule[sep_heap_rules]: <emp> creg_empty <is_creg Map.empty>
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition [simp]: op_creg_empty  $\equiv$  op_map_empty :: nat literal  $\rightarrow$  nat list
interpretation creg: map_custom_empty op_creg_empty {proof}
lemma creg_empty_hnr[sepref_fr_rules]:
  (uncurry0 creg_empty, uncurry0 (RETURN op_creg_empty))
   $\in$  unit_assnk  $\rightarrow_a$  is_creg
  {proof}

definition creg_initialize :: int  $\Rightarrow$  creg  $\Rightarrow$  creg Heap where
  creg_initialize l cr = do {
    cr  $\leftarrow$  array_set_dyn None cr (int_encode l) (Some []);
    return cr
  }

lemma creg_initialize_rule[sep_heap_rules]:
   $\llbracket (i,l) \in \text{lit\_rel} \rrbracket$ 
   $\implies \langle \text{is\_creg } \text{cr } a \rangle \text{creg\_initialize } i \text{ } a <\lambda r. \text{is\_creg } (\text{cr}(l \mapsto [])) \text{ } r>_t$ 
  {proof}

definition creg_register l cid cr  $\equiv$  do {
  x  $\leftarrow$  array_get_dyn None cr (int_encode l);
  case x of
    None  $\Rightarrow$  return cr
  | Some s  $\Rightarrow$  array_set_dyn None cr (int_encode l) (Some (mbhd_insert cid s))
}

lemma creg_register_rule[sep_heap_rules]:
   $\llbracket (i,l) \in \text{lit\_rel} \rrbracket$ 
   $\implies \langle \text{is\_creg } \text{cr } a \rangle$ 
   $\text{creg\_register } i \text{ } \text{cid } a$ 
   $\langle \text{is\_creg } (\text{abs\_cr\_register } l \text{ } \text{cid } \text{cr}) \rangle_t$ 
  {proof}

lemma creg_register_hnr[sepref_fr_rules]:
  (uncurry2 creg_register, uncurry2 (RETURN ooo abs_cr_register))
   $\in$  (pure lit_rel)k *a nat_assnk *a is_cregd  $\rightarrow_a$  is_creg
  {proof}

definition op_creg_initialize :: nat literal  $\Rightarrow$  (nat literal  $\rightarrow$  nat list)  $\Rightarrow$  _
  where [simp]: op_creg_initialize l cr  $\equiv$  cr(l  $\mapsto$  [])

lemma creg_initialize_hnr[sepref_fr_rules]:
  (uncurry creg_initialize, uncurry (RETURN oo op_creg_initialize))
   $\in$  (pure lit_rel)k *a is_cregd  $\rightarrow_a$  is_creg
  {proof}

sepref-register op_creg_initialize
  :: nat literal  $\Rightarrow$  (nat literal, nat list) i_map
   $\Rightarrow$  (nat literal, nat list) i_map

sepref-register abs_cr_register :: nat literal  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  _
  :: nat literal  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  (nat literal, nat list) i_map
   $\Rightarrow$  (nat literal, nat list) i_map

term op_map_lookup
definition op_creg_lookup i a  $\equiv$  array_get_dyn None a (int_encode i)

lemma creg_lookup_rule[sep_heap_rules]:
   $\llbracket (i,l) \in \text{lit\_rel} \rrbracket$ 
   $\implies \langle \text{is\_creg } \text{cr } a \rangle \text{op\_creg\_lookup } i \text{ } a <\lambda r. \text{is\_creg } \text{cr } a * \uparrow(r = \text{cr } l)>$ 
  {proof}

```

```

lemma creg_lookup_hnr[sepref_fr_rules]:
  (uncurry op_creg_lookup, uncurry (RETURN oo op_map_lookup))
  ∈ (pure lit_rel)k *a is_cregk →a option_assn (list_assn id_assn)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

### 3.2.5 Clause Database

```

context
  fixes DB :: clausedb2
  fixes frml_end :: nat
begin
  definition item_next it ≡
    let sz = DB!(it-1) in
    if sz > 0 ∧ nat(sz) + 1 < it then
      Some(it - nat(sz) - 1)
    else
      None

  definition at_item_end it ≡ it ≤ frml_end

  definition peek_int it ≡ DB!it
end

context DB2_def_loc
begin
  abbreviation cm_assn ≡ prod_assn (amd_assn 0 nat_assn liti.it_assn) is_creg
  type-synonym i_cm = (nat,nat) i_map × (nat literal, nat list) i_map

  abbreviation state_assn ≡ nat_assn ×a cm_assn ×a assignment_assn
  type-synonym i_state = nat × i_cm × i_assignment

  definition item_next_impl a it ≡ do {
    sz ← Array.nth a (it-1);
    if sz > 0 ∧ nat(sz) + 1 < it then
      return (it - nat(sz) - 1)
    else
      return 0
  }

  lemma item_next_hnr[sepref_fr_rules]:
    (uncurry item_next_impl, uncurry (RETURN oo item_next))
    ∈ liti.a_assnk *a liti.it_assnk →a dflt_option_assn 0 liti.it_assn
    ⟨proof⟩

  lemma at_item_end_hnr[sepref_fr_rules]:
    (uncurry (return oo at_item_end), uncurry (RETURN oo at_item_end))
    ∈ nat_assnk *a liti.it_assnk →a bool_assn
    ⟨proof⟩

```

end

### 3.3 Common GRAT Stuff

```

datatype item_type =
  INVALID
  | UNIT_PROP
  | DELETION
  | RUP_LEMMA
  | RAT_LEMMA
  | CONFLICT

```

| RAT\_COUNTS

**type-synonym** *id* = *nat*

### 3.3.1 Clause Map

### 3.3.2 Correctness

The input to the verified part of the checker is an array of integers *DB* and an index *F\_end*, such that the range from index  $1::'a$  (inclusive) to index *F\_end* (exclusive) contains the formula in DIMACs format.

The array is represented as a list here.

We phrase an invariant that expressed a valid formula, and a characterization whether the represented formula is satisfiable.

**definition** *clause\_DB\_valid DB F\_end*  $\equiv$

$$\begin{aligned} & 1 \leq F_{\text{end}} \wedge F_{\text{end}} \leq \text{length } DB \\ & \wedge F_{\text{invar}}(\text{tl}(\text{take } F_{\text{end}} DB)) \end{aligned}$$

**definition** *clause\_DB\_sat DB F\_end*  $\equiv$  *sat*( $F_{\alpha}(\text{tl}(\text{take } F_{\text{end}} DB))$ )

**definition** *verify\_sat\_spec DB F\_end*

$$\equiv \text{clause\_DB\_valid } DB F_{\text{end}} \wedge \text{clause\_DB\_sat } DB F_{\text{end}}$$

**definition** *verify\_unsat\_spec DB F\_end*

$$\equiv \text{clause\_DB\_valid } DB F_{\text{end}} \wedge \neg \text{clause\_DB\_sat } DB F_{\text{end}}$$

**lemma** *verify\_sat\_spec DB F\_end*  $\longleftrightarrow$   $1 \leq F_{\text{end}} \wedge F_{\text{end}} \leq \text{length } DB \wedge$

$$(\text{let } lst = \text{tl}(\text{take } F_{\text{end}} DB) \text{ in } F_{\text{invar}} lst \wedge \text{sat}(F_{\alpha} lst))$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *verify\_unsat\_spec DB F\_end*  $\longleftrightarrow$   $1 \leq F_{\text{end}} \wedge F_{\text{end}} \leq \text{length } DB \wedge$

$$(\text{let } lst = \text{tl}(\text{take } F_{\text{end}} DB) \text{ in } F_{\text{invar}} lst \wedge \neg \text{sat}(F_{\alpha} lst))$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

Concise version only using elementary list operations

**lemma** *clause\_DB\_valid\_concise: clause\_DB\_valid DB F\_end*  $\equiv$

$$1 \leq F_{\text{end}} \wedge F_{\text{end}} \leq \text{length } DB$$

$$\wedge (\text{let } lst = \text{tl}(\text{take } F_{\text{end}} DB) \text{ in } lst \neq [] \longrightarrow \text{last } lst = 0)$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *clause\_DB\_sat\_concise:*

$$\text{clause\_DB\_sat } DB F_{\text{end}} \equiv \exists \sigma. \text{assn\_consistent } \sigma$$

$$\wedge (\forall C \in \text{set} \text{ ' set } (\text{tokenize } 0 (\text{tl}(\text{take } F_{\text{end}} DB))). \exists l \in C. \sigma l)$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

The input describes a satisfiable formula, iff *F\_end* is in range, the described DIMACS string is empty or ends with zero, and there exists a consistent assignment such that each clause contains a literal assigned to true.

**lemma** *verify\_sat\_spec\_concise:*

$$\text{shows verify\_sat\_spec } DB F_{\text{end}} \equiv 1 \leq F_{\text{end}} \wedge F_{\text{end}} \leq \text{length } DB \wedge ($$

$$\text{let } lst = \text{tl}(\text{take } F_{\text{end}} DB) \text{ in }$$

$$(lst \neq [] \longrightarrow \text{last } lst = 0)$$

$$\wedge (\exists \sigma. \text{assn\_consistent } \sigma \wedge (\forall C \in \text{set} (\text{tokenize } 0 lst). \exists l \in C. \sigma l)))$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

The input describes an unsatisfiable formula, iff *F\_end* is in range and does not describe the empty DIMACS string, the DIMACS string ends with zero, and there exists no consistent assignment such that every clause contains at least one literal assigned to true.

**lemma** *verify\_unsat\_spec\_concise:*

$$\text{verify\_unsat\_spec } DB F_{\text{end}} \equiv 1 < F_{\text{end}} \wedge F_{\text{end}} \leq \text{length } DB \wedge ($$

$$\text{let } lst = \text{tl}(\text{take } F_{\text{end}} DB) \text{ in }$$

$$\text{last } lst = 0$$

$\wedge (\nexists \sigma. \text{assn\_consistent } \sigma \wedge (\forall C \in \text{set} (\text{tokenize } 0 \text{ lst}). \exists l \in \text{set } C. \sigma l)))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

end
theory Impl_List_Set_Ndj
imports
  Collections.Refine_DfIt ICF
  Refine_Imperative_HOL.IICF
  Refine_Imperative_HOL.Sepref_ICF_Bindings
begin

definition [simp]: ndls_rel ≡ br set (λ_. True)
definition nd_list_set_assn A ≡ pure (ndls_rel O ⟨the_pure A⟩) set_rel

context
notes [fcomp_norm_unfold] = nd_list_set_assn_def[symmetric]
notes [fcomp_norm_unfold] = list_set_assn_def[symmetric]
begin

lemma ndls_empty_hnr_aux: ([] , op_set_empty) ∈ ndls_rel ⟨proof⟩
sepref-decl-impl (no_register) ndls_empty: ndls_empty_hnr_aux[sepref_param] ⟨proof⟩

lemma ndls_is_empty_hnr_aux: ((=) [], op_set_is_empty) ∈ ndls_rel → bool_rel
⟨proof⟩
sepref-decl-impl ndls_is_empty: ndls_is_empty_hnr_aux[sepref_param] ⟨proof⟩

lemma ndls_insert_hnr_aux: ((#), op_set_insert) ∈ Id → ndls_rel → ndls_rel
⟨proof⟩

sepref-decl-impl ndls_insert: ndls_insert_hnr_aux[sepref_param] ⟨proof⟩

sepref-decl-op ndls_ls_copy: λx::'a set. x :: ⟨A⟩ set_rel → ⟨A⟩ set_rel ⟨proof⟩
lemma op_ndls_ls_copy_hnr_aux:
  (remdups, op_ndls_ls_copy) ∈ ndls_rel → ⟨Id⟩ list_set_rel
⟨proof⟩

sepref-decl-impl op_ndls_ls_copy_hnr_aux[sepref_param] ⟨proof⟩
end

definition [simp]: op_ndls_empty = op_set_empty
interpretation ndls: set_custom_empty return [] op_ndls_empty
⟨proof⟩
sepref-register op_ndls_empty
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = ndls_empty_hnr[folded op_ndls_empty_def]

lemma fold_ndls_ls_copy: x = op_ndls_ls_copy x ⟨proof⟩

end

```

4 Unsat Checker

```

theory Unsat_Check_Split_MM
imports Impl_List_Set_Ndj Grat_Basic
begin
//Test for flexible memory management
//to delete fids from connected RAT/epnUpdate

```

```

//in/candidate/Msg9//RLN#N//A//try/Use/non-distinct/list/for/RAT/candidate/lists/9//M0D0//ANW/
//management/or/deluse/dy/mo/heusing/space/for/never/validates9//M0D0//D60V4//m/4Nihh67

```

**hide-const (open) Word.slice**

This theory provides a formally verified unsat certificate checker.

The checker accepts an integer array whose prefix contains a cnf formula (encoded as a list of null-terminated clauses), and the suffix contains a certificate in the GRAT format.

## 4.1 Abstract level

```

definition mkp_raw_err :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ _ ⇒ (nat × 'prf) error where
  mkp_raw_err msg I p ≡ (msg, I, p)

locale unsat_input = input it_invar' for it_invar':it::linorder ⇒ _ +
  fixes prf_next :: 'prf ⇒ int × 'prf
begin
  abbreviation mkp_err :: _ ⇒ (nat × 'prf) error
    where mkp_err msg ≡ mkp_raw_err (msg) None None
  abbreviation mkp_errN :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ (nat × 'prf) error
    where mkp_errN msg n ≡ mkp_raw_err (msg) (Some (int n)) None
  abbreviation mkp_errI :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ (nat × 'prf) error
    where mkp_errI msg i ≡ mkp_raw_err (msg) (Some i) None

  abbreviation mkp_errprf :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ (nat × 'prf) error
    where mkp_errprf msg prf ≡ mkp_raw_err (msg) None (Some prf)
  abbreviation mkp_errNprf :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ _ ⇒ (nat × 'prf) error
    where mkp_errNprf msg n prf ≡ mkp_raw_err (msg) (Some (int n)) (Some prf)
  abbreviation mkp_errIprf :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ _ ⇒ (nat × 'prf) error
    where mkp_errIprf msg i prf ≡ mkp_raw_err (msg) (Some i) (Some prf)

definition parse_prf :: nat × 'prf ⇒ (_ , int × (nat × 'prf)) enres
  where parse_prf ≡ λ(fuel, prf). doE {
    CHECK (fuel > 0) (mkp_errprf STR "Out of fuel" (fuel, prf));
    let (x, prf) = prf_next prf;
    ERETURN (x, (fuel - 1, prf))
  }

definition parse_id prf ≡ doE {
  (x, prf) ← parse_prf prf;
  CHECK (x > 0) (mkp_errIprf STR "Invalid id" x prf);
  ERETURN (nat x, prf)
}

definition parse_idZ prf ≡ doE {
  (x, prf) ← parse_prf prf;
  CHECK (x ≥ 0) (mkp_errIprf STR "Invalid idZ" x prf);
  ERETURN (nat x, prf)
}

definition parse_type prf ≡ doE {
  (v, prf) ← parse_prf prf;
  if v = 1 then ERETURN (UNIT_PROP, prf)
  else if v = 2 then ERETURN (DELETION, prf)
  else if v = 3 then ERETURN (RUP_Lemma, prf)
  else if v = 4 then ERETURN (RAT_Lemma, prf)
  else if v = 5 then ERETURN (CONFLICT, prf)
  else if v = 6 then ERETURN (RAT_COUNTS, prf)
  else THROW (mkp_errIprf STR "Invalid item type" v prf)
}

```

```

definition parse_prf_literal prf ≡ doE {
  (i,prf) ← parse_prf prf;
  CHECK (i ≠ 0) (mkp_errprf STR "Expected literal but found 0" prf);
  ERETURN (lit_α i, prf)
}

definition parse_prf_literalZ prf ≡ doE {
  (i,prf) ← parse_prf prf;
  if (i=0) then ERETURN (None,prf)
  else ERETURN (Some (lit_α i), prf)
}

abbreviation at_end it ≡ it = it_end
abbreviation at_Z it ≡ it_peek it = litZ

definition prfWF :: ((nat×'prf) × (nat×'prf)) set
  where prfWF ≡ measure fst
lemma wf_prfWF[simp, intro!]: wf prfWF ⟨proof⟩
lemma wf_prfWFtrcl[simp, intro!]: wf (prfWF+)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parse_prf_spec[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
  parse_prf prf ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ(_,_). (prf',prf) ∈ prfWF+)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parse_id_spec[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
  parse_id prf
  ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ(x,_). (prf',prf) ∈ prfWF+ ∧ x > 0)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parse_idZ_spec[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
  parse_idZ prf
  ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ(x,_). (prf',prf) ∈ prfWF+)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parse_type_spec[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
  parse_type prf
  ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ(x,_). (prf',prf) ∈ prfWF+)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parse_prf_literal_spec[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
  parse_prf_literal prf
  ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ(_,_). (prf',prf) ∈ prfWF+)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma parse_prf_literalZ_spec[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
  parse_prf_literalZ prf
  ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ(_,_). (prf',prf) ∈ prfWF+)
  ⟨proof⟩

end

type-synonym clausemap = (id → var clause) × (var literal → id set)
type-synonym state = clausemap × (var → bool)

definition cm_invar ≡ λ(CM,RL).
  (∀ C ∈ ran CM. ¬is_syn_taut C)
  ∧ (∀ l s. RL l = Some s → s ⊇ {i. ∃ C. CM i = Some C ∧ l ∈ C})
definition cm_F ≡ λ(CM,RL). ran CM

definition cm_ids ≡ λ(CM, RL). dom CM

```

```

context unsat_input begin

/Initial state/
definition resolve_id :: clausemap  $\Rightarrow$  id  $\Rightarrow$  ( $\_, \text{var clause}$ ) enres
  where resolve_id  $\equiv \lambda(CM, RL) i.$  doE {
    CHECK ( $i \in \text{dom } CM$ ) ( $\text{mkp\_errN STR } "Invalid clause id" i$ );
    ERETURN (the ( $(CM i)$ ))
  }

definition remove_id :: id  $\Rightarrow$  clausemap  $\Rightarrow$  ( $\_, \text{clausemap}$ ) enres
  where remove_id  $\equiv \lambda i (CM, RL).$  ERETURN ( $(CM(i:=\text{None}), RL)$ )

definition remove_ids CMRL0 prf  $\equiv$  doE {
  ( $i, \text{prf}$ )  $\leftarrow$  parse_idZ prf;
  ( $CMRL, i, \text{prf}$ )  $\leftarrow$  EWHILEIT
    ( $\lambda(CMRL, i, it).$  cm_invar CMRL
       $\wedge cm\_F CMRL \subseteq cm\_F CMRL_0$ 
       $\wedge cm\_ids CMRL \subseteq cm\_ids CMRL_0$ )
    ( $\lambda(\_, i, \_).$   $i \neq 0$ )
    ( $\lambda(CMRL, i, \text{prf}).$  doE {
       $CMRL \leftarrow \text{remove\_id } i \text{ } CMRL;$ 
      ( $i, \text{prf}$ )  $\leftarrow$  parse_idZ prf;
      ERETURN ( $(CMRL, i, \text{prf})$ )
    }) ( $CMRL_0, i, \text{prf}$ );
    ERETURN ( $CMRL, \text{prf}$ )
  }
}

definition add_clause
  :: id  $\Rightarrow$  var clause  $\Rightarrow$  clausemap  $\Rightarrow$  ( $\_, \text{clausemap}$ ) enres
  where add_clause  $\equiv \lambda i C (CM, RL).$  doE {
    EASSERT ( $\neg \text{is\_syn\_taut } C$ );
    EASSERT ( $i \notin cm\_ids (CM, RL)$ );
    let  $CM = CM(i \mapsto C)$ ;
    let  $RL = (\lambda l. \text{case } RL l \text{ of}$ 
      None  $\Rightarrow$  None
      | Some s  $\Rightarrow$  if  $l \in C$  then Some (insert i s) else Some s);
    ERETURN ( $(CM, RL)$ )
  }

definition get_rat_candidates
  :: clausemap  $\Rightarrow$  (var  $\rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  var literal  $\Rightarrow$  ( $\_, \text{id set}$ ) enres
  where
  get_rat_candidates  $\equiv \lambda(CM, RL) A l.$  doE {
    let  $l = \text{neg\_lit } l$ ;
    CHECK ( $RL l \neq \text{None}$ ) ( $\text{mkp\_err STR } "Resolution literal not declared"$ );
    /Initial state/
    let cands_raw = the ( $(RL l)$ );
    //Initial state/
    let cands = {  $i \in cands\_raw.$ 
       $\exists C. CM i = \text{Some } C$ 
       $\wedge l \in C \wedge \text{sem\_clause}' (C - \{l\}) A \neq \text{Some True}$  };
    ERETURN cands
  }
}

lemma resolve_id_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
  resolve_id CMRL i
   $\leq$  ESPEC ( $\lambda_. i \notin \text{dom } (\text{fst } CMRL)$ ) ( $\lambda C. C \in cm\_F CMRL \wedge \text{fst } CMRL i = \text{Some } C$ )
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma remove_id_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans,refine_vcg]:
  cm_invar CMRL
   $\implies$  remove_id i CMRL
   $\leq$  ESPEC
   $(\lambda_. \text{False})$ 
   $(\lambda CMRL'. cm\_invar CMRL')$ 
   $\wedge cm\_F CMRL' \subseteq cm\_F CMRL$ 
   $\wedge cm\_ids CMRL' \subseteq cm\_ids CMRL)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 
lemma rtranci_inv_image_ss:  $(inv\_image R f)^* \subseteq inv\_image (R^*) f$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemmas rtranci_inv_image_ssI = rtranci_inv_image_ss[THEN set_mp]

lemma remove_ids_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans,refine_vcg]:
  [cm_invar CMRL]
   $\implies$  remove_ids CMRL prf
   $\leq$  ESPEC
   $(\lambda_. \text{True})$ 
   $(\lambda (CMRL', prf'). cm\_invar CMRL')$ 
   $\wedge cm\_F CMRL' \subseteq cm\_F CMRL$ 
   $\wedge cm\_ids CMRL' \subseteq cm\_ids CMRL$ 
   $\wedge (prf', prf) \in prfWF^+$ 
  )
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma add_clause_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans,refine_vcg]:
  [cm_invar CM; i  $\notin$  cm_ids CM;  $\neg is\_syn\_taut C$ ]  $\implies$ 
  add_clause i C CM  $\leq$  ESPEC  $(\lambda_. \text{False}) (\lambda CM'.$ 
   $cm\_F CM' = insert C (cm\_F CM)$ 
   $\wedge cm\_invar CM'$ 
   $\wedge cm\_ids CM' = insert i (cm\_ids CM)$ 
  )
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

definition rat_candidates CM A reslit
   $\equiv \{i. \exists C. CM i = Some C$ 
   $\wedge neg\_lit reslit \in C$ 
   $\wedge \neg is\_blocked A (C - \{neg\_lit reslit\})\}$ 

lemma is_syn_taut_mono_aux:  $is\_syn\_taut (C - X) \implies is\_syn\_taut C$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma get_rat_candidates_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans,refine_vcg]:
  [ cm_invar CM ]
   $\implies$  get_rat_candidates CM A reslit
   $\leq$  ESPEC  $(\lambda_. \text{True}) (\lambda r. r = rat\_candidates (fst CM) A reslit)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

definition check_unit_clause A C
   $\equiv$  ESPEC  $(\lambda_. \neg is\_unit\_clause A C) (\lambda l. is\_unit\_lit A C l)$ 

definition apply_unit i CM A  $\equiv$  doE {
   $C \leftarrow resolve\_id CM i;$ 
   $l \leftarrow check\_unit\_clause A C;$ 
  EASSERT ( $sem\_lit' l A = None$ );
  ERETURN ( $assign\_lit A l$ )
}

```

```

definition apply_units CM A prf ≡ doE ·
  (i,prf) ← parse_idZ prf;
  (A,i,prf) ← EWHILET
    ( $\lambda(A,i,prf). i \neq 0$ )
    ( $\lambda(A,i,prf). doE \{$ 
      A ← apply_unit i CM A;
      (i,prf) ← parse_idZ prf;
      ERETURN (A,i,prf)
    }) (A,i,prf);
    ERETURN (A,prf)
  }

```

**lemma** *apply\_unit\_correct*[*THEN ESPEC\_trans, refine\_vcg*]:  

$$\text{apply\_unit } i \text{ CM } A \leq \text{SPEC } (\lambda_. \text{ True}) (\lambda A'. \text{ equiv}' (\text{cm\_F CM}) A A')$$
*⟨proof⟩*

**lemma** *apply\_units\_correct*[*THEN ESPEC\_trans, refine\_veg*]  
*apply\_units CM A prf*  
 $\leq \text{SPEC}$   
 $(\lambda_. \text{ True})$   
 $(\lambda(A',prf'). \text{ equiv}' (\text{cm\_F CM}) A A' \wedge (prf',prf) \in prf)$   
*{proof}*

Parse a clause and check that it is not blocked

```

definition parse_check_blocked A it ≡ doe {EASSERT (it_invar it); ESPEC
  ( $\lambda \_. \text{True}$ )
  ( $\lambda (C, A', \text{it}'). (\exists l.$ 
    lz_string litZ it l it'
     $\wedge \text{it\_invar it}'$ 
     $\wedge C = \text{clause\_}\alpha l$ 
     $\wedge \neg \text{is\_blocked } A C$ 
     $\wedge A' = \text{and\_not\_} C A C))\}}$ 
```

```

definition parse_skip_listZ ::  $(nat \times 'prf) \Rightarrow (\_, nat \times 'prf)$  enres where
  parse_skip_listZ prf  $\equiv$  doE {
     $(x, prf) \leftarrow$  parse_prf prf;
     $(\_, prf) \leftarrow$  EWHILET  $(\lambda(x, prf). x \neq 0)$   $(\lambda(x, prf). parse\_prf prf)$   $(x, prf)$ 
    ERETURN prf
  }

```

**lemma** *parse\_skip\_listZ\_correct*[THEN *ESPEC\_trans*, *refine\_vcg*]:  
**shows** *parse\_skip\_listZ prf*  
 $\leq \text{ESPEC } (\lambda_. \text{ True}) (\lambda prf'. (prf', prf) \in prfWF^+)$   
*⟨proof⟩*

Too keep proo  
list of the exp

```

definition check_candidates candidates prf check  $\equiv$  doE {
  (cand,prf)  $\leftarrow$  parse_idZ prf;
  (candidates,cand,prf)  $\leftarrow$  EWHILET
    ( $\lambda(\_,\text{cand},\_)$ . cand  $\neq$  0)
    ( $\lambda(\text{candidates},\text{cand},\text{prf})$ . doE {
      if cand  $\in$  candidates then doE {
        let candidates = candidates - {cand};
        prf  $\leftarrow$  check cand prf;
        (cand,prf)  $\leftarrow$  parse_idZ prf;
        ERETURN (candidates,cand,prf)
      } else doE {
        prf  $\leftarrow$  parse_skip_listZ prf; //Skip offer until propagation
        ( $\_,\text{prf}$ )  $\leftarrow$  parse_prf prf; //Skip offer conflict clause
        (cand,prf)  $\leftarrow$  parse_idZ prf;
      }
    })
}

```

```

    ERETURN (candidates,cand,prf)
}
}) (candidates,cand,prf);

CHECK (candidates = {}) (mkp_errprf STR "Too few RAT-candidates in proof" prf);
ERETURN prf
}

lemma check_candidates_rule[THEN ESPEC_trans, zero_var_indexes]:
assumes check_correct:  $\bigwedge$  cand prf.
  [ cand  $\in$  candidates ]
   $\implies$  check cand prf
   $\leq$  ESPEC ( $\lambda_.$  True) ( $\lambda$  prf'.  $\Phi$  cand  $\wedge$  (prf',prf)  $\in$  prfWF $^+$ )
shows check_candidates candidates prf check
   $\leq$  ESPEC
  ( $\lambda_.$  True)
  ( $\lambda$  prf'.  $(\forall$  cand  $\in$  candidates.  $\Phi$  cand)  $\wedge$  (prf',prf)  $\in$  prfWF $^+$ )
  ⟨proof⟩
definition check_rup_proof :: state  $\Rightarrow$  'it  $\Rightarrow$  (nat  $\times$  'prf)  $\Rightarrow$  (⟨_, state  $\times$  'it  $\times$  (nat  $\times$  'prf)⟩ enres where
check_rup_proof  $\equiv$   $\lambda$  (CM,A0) it prf. doE {
  (i,prf)  $\leftarrow$  parse_id prf;
  CHECK (i  $\notin$  cm_ids CM) (mkp_errNprf STR "Duplicate ID" i prf);
  (C,A',it)  $\leftarrow$  parse_check_blocked A0 it;
  (A',prf)  $\leftarrow$  apply_units CM A' prf;
  (conflict_id,prf)  $\leftarrow$  parse_id prf;
  conflict  $\leftarrow$  resolve_id CM conflict_id;
  CHECK (is_conflict_clause A' conflict)
  (mkp_errNprf STR "Expected conflict clause" conflict_id prf);
  EASSERT (redundant_clause (cm_F CM) A0 C);
  EASSERT (i  $\notin$  cm_ids CM);
  CM  $\leftarrow$  add_clause i C CM;
  ERETURN ((CM,A0),it,prf)
}

lemma check_rup_proof_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
assumes [simp]: s=(CM,A)
assumes cm_invar CM
assumes it_invar it
shows
check_rup_proof s it prf  $\leq$  ESPEC ( $\lambda_.$  True) ( $\lambda$  ((CM',A'),it',prf').
  cm_invar CM'
   $\wedge$  (sat' (cm_F CM) A  $\longrightarrow$  sat' (cm_F CM') A')
   $\wedge$  (it_invar it')  $\wedge$  (prf',prf)  $\in$  prfWF $^+$ 
)
  ⟨proof⟩
definition check_rat_proof :: state  $\Rightarrow$  'it  $\Rightarrow$  (nat  $\times$  'prf)  $\Rightarrow$  (⟨_, state  $\times$  'it  $\times$  (nat  $\times$  'prf)⟩ enres where
check_rat_proof  $\equiv$   $\lambda$  (CM,A0) it prf. doE {
  (reslit,prf)  $\leftarrow$  parse_prf_literal prf;
  CHECK (sem_lit' reslit A0  $\neq$  Some False)
  (mkp_errprf STR "Resolution literal is false" prf);
  (i,prf)  $\leftarrow$  parse_id prf;
  CHECK (i  $\notin$  cm_ids CM) (mkp_errNprf STR "Duplicate ID" i prf);
  (C,A',it)  $\leftarrow$  parse_check_blocked A0 it;
  CHECK (reslit  $\in$  C) (mkp_errprf STR "Resolution literal not in clause" prf);
  (A',prf)  $\leftarrow$  apply_units CM A' prf;
  candidates  $\leftarrow$  get_rat_candidates CM A' reslit;
  prf  $\leftarrow$  check_candidates candidates prf ( $\lambda$  cand_id prf. doE {
    cand  $\leftarrow$  resolve_id CM cand_id;
    EASSERT ( $\neg$ is_blocked A' (cand - {neg_lit reslit})));
    let A'' = and_not_C A' (cand - {neg_lit reslit});
  })
}
```

```

( $A'',\text{prf}$ )  $\leftarrow$  apply_units  $CM A'' \text{prf}$ ;
( $\text{confl\_id},\text{prf}$ )  $\leftarrow$  parse_id  $\text{prf}$ ;
 $\text{confl} \leftarrow$  resolve_id  $CM \text{confl\_id}$ ;
CHECK ( $\text{is\_conflict\_clause } A'' \text{ confl}$ )
    ( $\text{mkp\_errprf } STR \text{ "Expected conflict clause" } \text{prf}$ );
EASSERT ( $\text{implied\_clause } (\text{cm\_F } CM) A_0 (C \cup (\text{cand} - \{\text{neg\_lit reslit}\}))$ );
ERETURN  $\text{prf}$ 
};

EASSERT ( $\text{redundant\_clause } (\text{cm\_F } CM) A_0 C$ );
EASSERT ( $i \notin \text{cm\_ids } CM$ );
 $CM \leftarrow \text{add\_clause } i C CM$ ;
ERETURN  $((CM, A_0), it, \text{prf})$ 
}

```

**lemma** *rat\_criterion*:

**assumes** *LIC*:  $\text{reslit} \in C$

**assumes** *NFALSE*:  $\text{sem\_lit}' \text{ reslit } A \neq \text{Some False}$

**assumes** *EQ1*:  $\text{equiv}' (\text{cm\_F } (CM, RL)) (\text{and\_not\_C } A C) A'$

**assumes** *CANDS*:  $\forall \text{cand} \in \text{rat\_candidates } CM A' \text{ reslit}$ .

*implied\_clause*  
 $(\text{cm\_F } (CM, RL))$   
 $A$   
 $(C \cup ((\text{the } (CM \text{ cand})) - \{\text{neg\_lit reslit}\}))$

**shows**  $\text{redundant\_clause } (\text{cm\_F } (CM, RL)) A C$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *check\_rat\_proof\_correct*[*THEN ESPEC\_trans, refine\_vcg*]:

**assumes** [*simp*]:  $s = (CM, A)$

**assumes** *cm\_invar CM*

**assumes** *it\_invar it*

**shows**

$\text{check\_rat\_proof } s \text{ it prf} \leq \text{SPEC } (\lambda_. \text{ True}) (\lambda((CM', A'), it', \text{prf}')).$

*cm\_invar CM'*  
 $\wedge (\text{sat}' (\text{cm\_F } CM) A \longrightarrow \text{sat}' (\text{cm\_F } CM') A')$   
 $\wedge \text{it\_invar it}' \wedge (\text{prf}', \text{prf}) \in \text{prfWF}^+$

$\rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**applyS** (*auto simp: rat\_candidates\_def*)

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**applyS** *auto []*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**applyS** (*rule CMI*)

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *check\_item* :: *state*  $\Rightarrow$  *'it*  $\Rightarrow$   $(\text{nat} \times \text{'prf}) \Rightarrow (\_, (\text{state} \times \text{'it} \times (\text{nat} \times \text{'prf})) \text{ option})$  enres

**where** *check\_item*  $\equiv \lambda(CM, A) \text{ it prf}. \text{ doE} \{$

(*ty,prf*)  $\leftarrow$  *parse\_type prf*;

*case ty of*

*INVALID*  $\Rightarrow$  *THROW* (*mkp\_err STR "Invalid item"*)

*| UNIT\_PROP*  $\Rightarrow$  *doE* {

(*A,prf*)  $\leftarrow$  *apply\_units CM A prf*;

ERETURN (*Some ((CM,A),it,prf)*)

$\}$

*| DELETION*  $\Rightarrow$  *doE* {

(*CM,prf*)  $\leftarrow$  *remove\_ids CM prf*;

ERETURN (*Some ((CM,A),it,prf)*)

$\}$

*| RUP\_Lemma*  $\Rightarrow$  *doE* {

```

    s ← check_rup_proof (CM,A) it prf;
    ERETURN (Some s)
}
| RAT_LEMMA ⇒ doE {
    s ← check_rat_proof (CM,A) it prf;
    ERETURN (Some s)
}
| CONFLICT ⇒ doE {
    (i,prf) ← parse_id prf;
    C ← resolve_id CM i;
    CHECK (is_conflict_clause A C)
        (mkp_errNprf STR "Conflict clause has no conflict" i prf);
    ERETURN None
}
| RAT_COUNTS ⇒
    THROW (mkp_errprf STR "Not expecting rat-counts in the middle of proof" prf)
}

```

```

lemma check_item_correct_pre:
assumes [simp]: s = (CM,A)
assumes cm_invar CM
assumes [simp]: it_invar it
shows check_item s it prf ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ
    Some ((CM',A'),it',prf') ⇒
        cm_invar CM'
        ∧ (sat' (cm_F CM) A → sat' (cm_F CM') A')
        ∧ it_invar it' ∧ (prf',prf) ∈ prfWF+
    | None ⇒ ¬sat' (cm_F CM) A
)
⟨proof⟩
applyS (refine_vcg; auto)
applyS (refine_vcg; auto simp: sat'_equiv)
applyS (refine_vcg; auto simp: sat'_antimono)
applyS (refine_vcg; auto)
applyS (refine_vcg; auto)
applyS (refine_vcg; auto simp: conflict_clause_imp_no_models sat'_def)
applyS (refine_vcg; auto)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma check_item_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
assumes case s of (CM,A) ⇒ cm_invar CM
assumes it_invar it
shows check_item s it prf ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (case s of (CM,A) ⇒ (λ
    Some ((CM',A'),it',prf') ⇒
        cm_invar CM'
        ∧ (sat' (cm_F CM) A → sat' (cm_F CM') A')
        ∧ it_invar it' ∧ (prf',prf) ∈ prfWF+
    | None ⇒ ¬sat' (cm_F CM) A
)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition cm_empty :: clausemap where cm_empty ≡ (Map.empty, Map.empty)
lemma cm_empty_invar[simp]: cm_invar cm_empty
⟨proof⟩
lemma cm_F_empty[simp]: cm_F cm_empty = {}
⟨proof⟩
lemma cm_ids_empty[simp]: cm_ids cm_empty = {}
⟨proof⟩
lemma cm_ids_empty_imp_F_empty: cm_ids CM = {} ⇒ cm_F CM = {}
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition read_clause_check_taut itE it A ≡ doE {
  EASSERT (A = Map.empty);
  EASSERT (it_invar it ∧ it_invar itE ∧ itran itE it_end);
  (it',(t,A)) ← parse_lz
    (mkp_err STR "Parsed beyond end")
  litZ itE it (λ_. True) (λx (t,A). doE {
    let l = lit_α x;
    if (sem_lit' l A = Some False) then ERETURN (True,A)
    else ERETURN (t,assign_lit A l)
  }) (False,A);
} A ← iterate_lz litZ itE it (λ_. True) (λx A. doE {
  let A = A(var_of_lit (lit_α x) := None);
  ERETURN A
}) A;
ERETURN (it',(t,A))
}

```

```

lemma clause_assignment_syn_taut_aux:
  [l. (sem_lit' l A = Some True) = (l ∈ C); is_syn_taut C] ⇒ False
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma read_clause_check_taut_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans,refine_vcg]:
  [itran it itE; it_invar itE; A = Map.empty] ⇒
  read_clause_check_taut itE it A
  ≤ ESPEC
    (λ_. True)
    (λ(it',(t,A)). A = Map.empty
      ∧ (exists l. lz_string litZ it l it'
        ∧ itran it' itE
        ∧ (t = is_syn_taut (clause_α l))))
  ⟨proof⟩
  applyS auto
  applyS (auto simp: is_syn_taut_def)
  applyS (auto simp: assign_lit_def split: if_splits)
  applyS (auto simp: is_syn_taut_def)
  applyS (force simp: sem_lit'_assign_conv split: if_splits)
  applyS (auto)
  applyS (auto simp: itran_ord)
  applyS (auto)
  applyS (auto)
  applyS (auto dest: clause_assignment_syn_taut_aux)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition read_cnf_new
  :: 'it ⇒ 'it ⇒ clausemap ⇒ (__, clausemap) enres
  where read_cnf_new itE it CM ≡ doE {
    (CM,next_id,A) ← tok_fold itE it (λit (CM,next_id,A). doE {
      (it',(t,A)) ← read_clause_check_taut itE it A;
      if t then ERETURN (it',(CM,next_id+1,A))
      else doE {
        EASSERT (exists l it'. lz_string litZ it l it' ∧ it_invar it');
        let C = clause_α (the_lz_string litZ it);
        CM ← add_clause next_id C CM;
        ERETURN (it',(CM,next_id+1,A))
      }
    }) (CM,1,Map.empty);
    ERETURN (CM)
  }

```

```

lemma read_cnf_new_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
   $\llbracket \text{seg } it \text{ lst } itE; cm\_invar CM; cm\_ids CM = \{\}; it\_invar itE \rrbracket$ 
   $\implies \text{read\_cnf\_new } itE \text{ it } CM$ 
 $\leq \text{ESPEC } (\lambda_. \text{ True}) (\lambda(CM).$ 
   $(\text{lst} \neq [] \longrightarrow \text{last lst} = \text{litZ})$ 
   $\wedge \text{cm\_invar CM}$ 
   $\wedge \text{sat } (cm\_F CM) = \text{sat } (\text{set } (\text{map } \text{clause\_}\alpha (\text{tokenize litZ lst})))$ 
)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition cm_init_lit
  :: var literal ⇒ clausemap ⇒ (__,clausemap) enres
  where cm_init_lit ≡ λ (CM,RL). ERETURN (CM,RL(l ↦ {}))

```

**lemma** *cm\_init\_lit\_correct*[*THEN\_ESPEC\_trans*, *refine\_vcg*]:  
 $\llbracket \text{cm\_invar } CMRL; \text{cm\_ids } CMRL = \{\} \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{cm\_init\_lit } l \text{ } CMRL$   
 $\leq \text{ESPEC } (\lambda_. \text{ False}) (\lambda CMRL'. \text{cm\_invar } CMRL' \wedge \text{cm\_ids } CMRL' = \{\})$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```
definition init_rat_counts prf ≡ doE {
  (ty,prf) ← parse_type prf;
  CHECK (ty = RAT_COUNTS) (mkp_errprf STR "Expected RAT counts item" prf);
```

```

(l,prf) ← parse_prf_literalZ prf;
(CM,_,prf) ← EWHILET (λ(CM,l,prf). l≠None) (λ(CM,l,prf). doE {
    EASSERT (l≠None);
    let l = the l;
    (_,prf) ← parse_prf prf; Just ignoring bound/strictly assuming it will be //0// TODO: Add bound+down and stop
//if this is wrong?/
    let l = neg_lit l;
    CM ← cm_init_lit l CM;
}

(l,prf) ← parse_prf_literalZ prf;
ERETURN (CM,l,prf)
}) (cm_empty,l,prf);

ERETURN (CM,prf)
}

```

**lemma** *init\_rat\_counts\_correct*[*THEN ESPEC\_trans, refine\_vcg*]:  
*init\_rat\_counts prf*  
 $\leq \text{SPEC } (\lambda_. \text{ True}) (\lambda(CM,prf'). cm\_invar CM \wedge cm\_ids CM = \{\} \wedge (prf',prf) \in prfWF^+)$   
*(proof)*

```
definition verify_unsat F_begin F_end it prf ≡ doE {
  EASSERT (it invar it);
```

$(CM, prf) \leftarrow init\ rat\ counts\ prf;$

*CM*  $\leftarrow$  *read cnf new F end F begin CM:*

let  $s = (CM, Map, empty)$ ;

```

EWHILEIT
  ( $\lambda \text{Some } (\_, it, \_) \Rightarrow it\_invar\ it \mid \text{None} \Rightarrow \text{True}$ )
  ( $\lambda s. s \neq \text{None}$ )
  ( $\lambda s. doE \{$ 
    EASSERT ( $s \neq \text{None}$ );

```

```

let (s,it,prf) = the s;
EASSERT (it_invar it);
check_item s it prf
}) (Some (s,it,prf));
ERETURN ();
}

lemma verify_unsat_correct:
[seg F_begin lst F_end; it_invar F_end; it_invar it] ==>
  verify_unsat F_begin F_end it prf
  ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ_. F_invar lst ∧ ¬sat (F_α lst))
⟨proof⟩
applyS (auto)
applyS (auto simp: F_α_def F_invar_def)
applyS (clarify simp split: option.splits; auto)
applyS (auto split!: option.split_asm)
applyS (auto simp: F_α_def F_invar_def)
applyS (auto split: option.split_asm)
applyS (auto split: option.split_asm)
⟨proof⟩

```

**end** — proof parser

## 4.2 Refinement — Backtracking

**type-synonym**  $bt\_assignment = (var \rightarrow bool) \times var\ set$

**definition** *backtrack*  $A\ T \equiv A|`(-T)$

**lemma** *backtrack\_empty*[simp]: *backtrack A {} = A*  
  *⟨proof⟩*

**definition** *is\_backtrack A' T' A*  $\equiv$  *T' \subseteq dom A' \wedge A = backtrack A' T'*

```
lemma is_backtrack_empty[simp]: is_backtrack A {} A
  ⟨proof⟩
```

**lemma** *is\_backtrack\_not\_undec*:

$\llbracket \text{is\_backtrack } A' T' A; \text{var\_of\_lit } l \in T' \rrbracket \implies \text{sem\_lit}' l A' \neq \text{None}$

**lemma** *is\_backtrack\_assignI*:

$\llbracket \text{is\_backtrack } A' T' A; \text{sem\_lit}' l A' = \text{None}; x = \text{var\_of\_lit } l \rrbracket$   
 $\implies \text{is\_backtrack}(\text{assign\_lit } A' l)(\text{insert } x T') A$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**context** *unsat\_input begin*

```

definition assign_lit_bt ≡ λA T l. doE {
  EASSERT (sem_lit' l A = None ∧ var_of_lit l ∉ T);
  ERETURN (assign_lit A l, insert (var_of_lit l) T)
}

```

```

definition apply_unit_bt i CM A T ≡ doE {
    C ← resolve_id CM i;
    l ← check_unit_clause A C;
    assign_lit_bt A T l
}

```

**definition** *apply\_units\_bt CM A T prf*  $\equiv$  *doE* {  
*(i.prf)  $\leftarrow$  parse idZ prf;*

```

 $((A,T),i,prf) \leftarrow EWHILET$ 
 $(\lambda((A,T),i,prf). i \neq 0)$ 
 $(\lambda((A,T),i,prf). doE \{$ 
 $(A,T) \leftarrow apply\_unit\_bt i CM A T;$ 
 $(i,prf) \leftarrow parse\_idZ prf;$ 
 $ERETURN ((A,T),i,prf)$ 
 $\}) ((A,T),i,prf);$ 
 $ERETURN ((A,T),prf)$ 
 $\}$ 

definition parse_check_blocked_bt  $A$   $it \equiv doE \{ EASSERT (it\_invar it); ESPEC$ 
 $(\lambda_. True) \leftarrow parse\_check\_blocked\_bt$ 
 $(\lambda(C,(A',T'),it'). \exists l.$ 
 $lz\_string litZ it l it'$ 
 $\wedge it\_invar it'$ 
 $\wedge C = clause\_alpha l$ 
 $\wedge \neg is\_blocked A C$ 
 $\wedge A' = and\_not\_C A C$ 
 $\wedge T' = \{ v. v \in var\_of\_lit^C \wedge A v = None \})\}$ 

definition and_not_C_bt  $A$   $C \equiv doE \{$ 
 $EASSERT (\neg is\_blocked A C);$ 
 $ERETURN (and\_not\_C A C, \{ v. v \in var\_of\_lit^C \wedge A v = None \})$ 
 $\}$ 

definition check_candidates'_candidates  $A$   $prf$   $check \equiv doE \{$ 
 $(cand,prf) \leftarrow parse\_idZ prf;$ 
 $(candidates,A,cand,prf) \leftarrow EWHILET$ 
 $(\lambda(_____,cand,__). cand \neq 0)$ 
 $(\lambda(candidates,A,cand,prf). doE \{$ 
 $if cand \in candidates then doE \{$ 
 $let candidates = candidates - \{cand\};$ 
 $(A,prf) \leftarrow check cand A prf;$ 
 $(cand,prf) \leftarrow parse\_idZ prf;$ 
 $ERETURN (candidates,A,cand,prf)$ 
 $\} else doE \{$ 
 $prf \leftarrow parse\_skip\_listZ prf;$ 
 $(_,prf) \leftarrow parse\_prf prf;$ 
 $(cand,prf) \leftarrow parse\_idZ prf;$ 
 $ERETURN (candidates,A,cand,prf)$ 
 $\}$ 
 $\}) (candidates,A,cand,prf);$ 

 $CHECK (candidates = \{\}) (mkp\_errprf STR "Too few RAT-candidates in proof" prf);$ 
 $ERETURN (A,prf)$ 
 $\}$ 

lemma check_candidates'_refine_ca[refine]:
assumes [simplified,simp]:  $(candidates_i, candidates) \in Id$   $(prf_i, prf) \in Id$ 
assumes [refine]:  $\bigwedge candi prf_i cand prf A'$ 
 $\llbracket (candi,cand) \in Id; (prfi,prf) \in Id; (A',A) \in Id \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies check' candi A' prfi$ 
 $\leq_E UNIV \{ ((A,prf),prf) \mid prf. True \}$ 
 $(check cand prf)$ 
shows check_candidates'_candidates  $A$   $prf$   $check'$ 
 $\leq_E UNIV \{ ((A,prf),prf) \mid prf. True \}$ 
 $(check\_candidates candidates prf check)$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma check_candidates'_refine[refine]:
assumes [simplified,simp]:
 $(candidates_i, candidates) \in Id$   $(prf_i, prf) \in Id$   $(Ai, A) \in Id$ 
assumes ERID:  $Id \subseteq ER$ 

```

**assumes** [refine]:  
 $\wedge_{candi} prfi \ cand \ prf \ A' \ A. \llbracket (candi,cand) \in Id; (prfi,prf) \in Id; (A',A) \in Id \rrbracket$   
 $\implies check' candi \ A' \ prfi \leq \Downarrow_E ER (Id \times_r Id) (check \ cand \ A \ prf)$   
**shows**  $check\_candidates' \ candidates_i \ Ai \ prfi \ check'$   
 $\leq \Downarrow_E ER (Id \times_r Id) (check\_candidates' \ candidates \ A \ prf \ check)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition**  $check\_rup\_proof\_bt :: state \Rightarrow 'it \Rightarrow (nat \times 'prf) \Rightarrow (\_, state \times 'it \times (nat \times 'prf))$  enres **where**  
 $check\_rup\_proof\_bt \equiv \lambda(CM,A) \ it \ prf. \ doE \{$   
 $(i,prf) \leftarrow parse\_id \ prf;$   
 $CHECK (i \notin cm\_ids \ CM) (mkp\_errNprf STR "Duplicate ID" i prf);$   
 $(C,(A,T),it) \leftarrow parse\_check\_blocked\_bt \ A \ it;$   
 $((A,T),prf) \leftarrow apply\_units\_bt \ CM \ A \ T \ prf;$   
 $(confl\_id,prf) \leftarrow parse\_id \ prf;$   
 $confl \leftarrow resolve\_id \ CM \ confl\_id;$   
 $CHECK (is\_conflict\_clause \ A \ confl)$   
 $(mkp\_errNprf STR "Expected conflict clause" confl\_id prf);$   
 $EASSERT (i \notin cm\_ids \ CM);$   
 $CM \leftarrow add\_clause \ i \ C \ CM;$   
 $ERETURN ((CM,backtrack \ A \ T),it,prf)$   
 $\}$

**definition**  $check\_rat\_proof\_bt :: state \Rightarrow 'it \Rightarrow (nat \times 'prf) \Rightarrow (\_, state \times 'it \times (nat \times 'prf))$  enres **where**  
 $check\_rat\_proof\_bt \equiv \lambda(CM,A) \ it \ prf. \ doE \{$   
 $(reslit,prf) \leftarrow parse\_prf\_literal \ prf;$   
 $CHECK (sem\_lit' reslit \ A \neq Some \ False)$   
 $(mkp\_errprf STR "Resolution literal is false" prf);$   
 $(i,prf) \leftarrow parse\_id \ prf;$   
 $CHECK (i \notin cm\_ids \ CM) (mkp\_errNprf STR "Duplicate ID" i prf);$   
 $(C,(A,T),it) \leftarrow parse\_check\_blocked\_bt \ A \ it;$   
 $CHECK (reslit \in C) (mkp\_errprf STR "Resolution literal not in clause" prf);$   
 $((A,T),prf) \leftarrow apply\_units\_bt \ CM \ A \ T \ prf;$   
 $candidates \leftarrow get\_rat\_candidates \ CM \ A \ reslit;$   
 $(A,prf) \leftarrow check\_candidates' \ candidates \ A \ prf \ (\lambda cand\_id \ A \ prf. \ doE \{$   
 $cand \leftarrow resolve\_id \ CM \ cand\_id;$   
 $(A,T2) \leftarrow and\_not\_C\_bt \ A \ (cand - \{neg\_lit \ reslit\});$   
 $((A,T2),prf) \leftarrow apply\_units\_bt \ CM \ A \ T2 \ prf;$   
 $(confl\_id,prf) \leftarrow parse\_id \ prf;$   
 $confl \leftarrow resolve\_id \ CM \ confl\_id;$   
 $CHECK (is\_conflict\_clause \ A \ confl)$   
 $(mkp\_errprf STR "Expected conflict clause" prf);$   
 $ERETURN (backtrack \ A \ T2,prf)$   
 $\});$   
 $EASSERT (i \notin cm\_ids \ CM);$   
 $CM \leftarrow add\_clause \ i \ C \ CM;$   
 $ERETURN ((CM,backtrack \ A \ T),it,prf)$   
 $\}$

**definition**  $bt\_assign\_rel \ A$   
 $\equiv \{ ((A',T),A') \mid A' \ T. \ T \subseteq dom \ A' \wedge A = A' \mid (-T) \}$   
**definition**  $bt\_need\_bt\_rel \ A_0$   
 $\equiv br (\lambda \_. \ A_0) (\lambda (A',T'). \ T' \subseteq dom \ A' \wedge backtrack \ A' \ T' = A_0)$

~~definitions~~  
~~bt\\_assign\\_rel~~  
~~bt\\_need\\_bt\\_rel~~

**lemma**  $bt\_rel\_simps:$   
 $((Ai,T),A) \in bt\_assign\_rel \ A_0 \implies Ai = A \wedge backtrack \ A \ T = A_0 \wedge T \subseteq dom \ A$

$((Ai, T), A) \in bt\_need\_bt\_rel A_0 \implies A = A_0 \wedge \text{backtrack } Ai \ T = A_0 \wedge T \subseteq \text{dom } Ai$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $bt\_in\_bta\_rel: T \subseteq \text{dom } A \implies ((A, T), A) \in bt\_assign\_rel (\text{backtrack } A \ T)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{and\_not\_C\_bt\_refine}[\text{refine}]: [\neg \text{is\_blocked } A \ C; (Ai, A) \in Id; (Ci, C) \in Id]$   
 $\implies \text{and\_not\_C\_bt } Ai \ Ci \leq \Downarrow_E \text{UNIV } (bt\_assign\_rel A) (\text{ERETURN } (\text{and\_not\_C } A \ C))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{parse\_check\_blocked\_bt\_refine}[\text{refine}]: [(Ai, A) \in Id; (iti, it) \in Id]$   
 $\implies \text{parse\_check\_blocked\_bt } Ai \ iti$   
 $\leq \Downarrow_E \text{UNIV } (Id \times_r bt\_assign\_rel A \times_r Id) (\text{parse\_check\_blocked } A \ it)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{assign\_lit\_bt\_refine}[\text{refine}]:$   
 $[\text{sem\_lit}' l A = \text{None}; ((Ai, Ti), A) \in bt\_assign\_rel A_0; (li, l) \in Id]$   
 $\implies \text{assign\_lit\_bt } Ai \ Ti \ li$   
 $\leq \Downarrow_E \text{UNIV } (bt\_assign\_rel A_0) (\text{ERETURN } (\text{assign\_lit } A \ l))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**applyS** *simp*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{apply\_unit\_bt\_refine}[\text{refine}]:$   
 $[(ii, i) \in Id; (CMi, CM) \in Id; ((Ai, Ti), A) \in bt\_assign\_rel A_0]$   
 $\implies \text{apply\_unit\_bt } ii \ CMi \ Ai \ Ti$   
 $\leq \Downarrow_E \text{UNIV } (bt\_assign\_rel A_0) (\text{apply\_unit } i \ CM \ A)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{apply\_units\_bt\_refine}[\text{refine}]:$   
 $[(CMi, CM) \in Id; ((Ai, Ti), A) \in bt\_assign\_rel A_0; (iti, it) \in Id]$   
 $\implies \text{apply\_units\_bt } CMi \ Ai \ Ti \ iti$   
 $\leq \Downarrow_E \text{UNIV } (bt\_assign\_rel A_0 \times_r Id) (\text{apply\_units } CM \ A \ it)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**term**  $\text{check\_rup\_proof}$   
**lemma**  $\text{check\_rup\_proof\_bt\_refine}[\text{refine}]:$   
 $[(si, s) \in Id; (iti, it) \in Id; (prfi, prf) \in Id]$   
 $\implies \text{check\_rup\_proof\_bt } si \ iti \ prfi \leq \Downarrow_E \text{UNIV } Id (\text{check\_rup\_proof } s \ it \ prf)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{check\_rat\_proof\_bt\_refine}[\text{refine}]:$   
 $[(si, s) \in Id; (iti, it) \in Id; (prfi, prf) \in Id]$   
 $\implies \text{check\_rat\_proof\_bt } si \ iti \ prfi \leq \Downarrow_E \text{UNIV } Id (\text{check\_rat\_proof } s \ it \ prf)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition**  $\text{check\_item\_bt} :: \text{state} \Rightarrow 'it \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \times 'prf) \Rightarrow (\_, (\text{state} \times 'it \times (\text{nat} \times 'prf)) \text{ option}) \text{ enres}$   
**where**  $\text{check\_item\_bt} \equiv \lambda(CM, A) \ it \ prf. \text{doE} \{$   
 $(ty, prf) \leftarrow \text{parse\_type } prf;$   
 $\text{case } ty \text{ of}$   
 $\quad \text{INVALID} \Rightarrow \text{THROW } (\text{mkp\_err STR "Invalid item"})$   
 $\quad \text{UNIT\_PROP} \Rightarrow \text{doE} \{$   
 $\quad (A, prf) \leftarrow \text{apply\_units } CM \ A \ prf;$   
 $\quad \text{ERETURN } (\text{Some } ((CM, A), it, prf))$   
 $\quad \}$   
 $\quad \text{DELETION} \Rightarrow \text{doE} \{$   
 $\quad (CM, prf) \leftarrow \text{remove\_ids } CM \ prf;$   
 $\quad \text{ERETURN } (\text{Some } ((CM, A), it, prf))$   
 $\quad \}$   
 $\quad \text{RUP\_LEMMA} \Rightarrow \text{doE} \{$   
 $\quad s \leftarrow \text{check\_rup\_proof\_bt } (CM, A) \ it \ prf;$

```

    ERETURN (Some s)
}
| RAT_LEMMA => doE {
  s <- check_rat_proof_bt (CM,A) it prf;
  ERETURN (Some s)
}
| CONFLICT => doE {
  (i,prf) <- parse_id prf;
  C <- resolve_id CM i;
  CHECK (is_conflict_clause A C)
    (mkp_errNprf STR "Conflict clause has no conflict" i prf);
  ERETURN None
}
| RAT_COUNTS =>
  THROW (mkp_errprf STR "Not expecting rat-counts in the middle of proof" prf)
}

lemma check_item_bt_refine[refine]: [(si,s) ∈ Id; (iti,it) ∈ Id; (prfi,prf) ∈ Id]
  ==> check_item_bt si iti prfi ≤↓E UNIV Id (check_item s it prf)
  ⟨proof⟩
applyS simp

⟨proof⟩

definition verify_unsat_bt F_begin F_end it prf ≡ doE {
  EASSERT (it_invar it);
  (CM,prf) <- init_rat_counts prf;
  CM <- read_cnf_new F_end F_begin CM;
  let s = (CM,Map.empty);
  EWHILEIT
    (λSome (__,it,__)) => it_invar it | None => True
    (λs. s ≠ None)
    (λs.
      doE {
        EASSERT (s ≠ None);
        let (s,it,prf) = the s;
        EASSERT (it_invar it);

        check_item_bt s it prf
      }) (Some (s,it,prf));
      ERETURN ()
      CHECK (isNone s) (mkp_err "Proof did not contain conflict declaration")
    )
}

lemma verify_unsat_bt_refine[refine]:
  [(F_begini,F_begin) ∈ Id; (F_endi,F_end) ∈ Id; (iti,it) ∈ Id; (prfi,prf) ∈ Id]
  ==> verify_unsat_bt F_begini F_endi iti prfi
  ≤↓E UNIV Id (verify_unsat F_begin F_end it prf)
  ⟨proof⟩

end — proof parser

```

### 4.3 Refinement 1

Model clauses by iterators to their starting position

**type-synonym** ('it) clausemap1 = (id → 'it) × (var literal → id list)  
**type-synonym** ('it) state1 = ('it) clausemap1 × (var → bool)

```

context unsat_input begin

definition cref_rel
 $\equiv \{ (cref, C). \exists l \ it'. lz\_string \ litZ \ cref \ l \ it' \wedge it\_invar \ it' \wedge C = clause\_\alpha \ l \}$ 
definition next_it_rel
 $\equiv \{ (cref, it'). \exists l. lz\_string \ litZ \ cref \ l \ it' \wedge it\_invar \ it' \}$ 

definition clausemap1_rel
 $\equiv (Id \rightarrow \langle cref\_rel \rangle option\_rel) \times_r (Id \rightarrow \langle br set (\lambda_. \ True) \rangle option\_rel)$ 
abbreviation state1_rel  $\equiv$  clausemap1_rel  $\times_r$  Id

definition parse_check_clause cref c f s  $\equiv$  doE {
   $(it, s) \leftarrow$  parse_lz (mkp_err STR "Parsed beyond end") litZ it_end cref c ( $\lambda x. s.$  doE {
    EASSERT  $(x \neq \text{litZ})$ ;
    let  $l = \text{lit}\_\alpha x$ ;
     $f \ l \ s$ 
  }) s;
  ERETURN  $(s, it)$ 
}

lemma parse_check_clause_rule_aux:
assumes I[simp]:  $I \ {} \ s$ 
assumes F_RL:
 $\bigwedge C \ l \ s. \llbracket I \ C \ s; c \ s \rrbracket \implies f \ l \ s \leq \text{ESPEC} (\lambda_. \ True) (I \ (\text{insert} \ l \ C))$ 
assumes [simp]: it_invar cref
shows parse_check_clause cref c f s  $\leq$  ESPEC
 $\langle \text{PROOF} \rangle$ 
 $(\lambda(s, it'). \exists C.$ 
 $I \ C \ s$ 
 $\wedge (c \ s \longrightarrow it\_invar \ it')$ 
 $\wedge (cref, C) \in cref\_rel$ 
 $\wedge (cref, it') \in next\_it\_rel)$ 
 $)$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma parse_check_clause_rule:
assumes I0:  $I \ {} \ s$ 
assumes [simp]: it_invar cref
assumes F_RL:
 $\bigwedge C \ l \ s. \llbracket I \ C \ s; c \ s \rrbracket \implies f \ l \ s \leq \text{ESPEC} (\lambda_. \ True) (I \ (\text{insert} \ l \ C))$ 
assumes  $\bigwedge C \ s \ it'. \llbracket I \ C \ s; \neg c \ s \rrbracket \implies Q \ (s, it')$ 
assumes  $\bigwedge C \ s \ it'.$ 
 $\llbracket I \ C \ s; c \ s; (cref, it') \in next\_it\_rel; (cref, C) \in cref\_rel \rrbracket \implies Q \ (s, it')$ 
shows parse_check_clause cref c f s  $\leq$  ESPEC  $(\lambda_. \ True) \ Q$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 
definition iterate_clause cref c f s  $\equiv$ 
  iterate_lz litZ it_end cref c ( $\lambda x. s. f \ (\text{lit}\_\alpha \ x) \ s$ ) s

lemma iterate_clause_rule:
assumes CR:  $(cref, C) \in cref\_rel$ 
assumes I0:  $I \ {} \ s$ 
assumes F_RL:  $\bigwedge C1 \ l \ s.$ 
 $\llbracket I \ C1 \ s; C1 \subseteq C; l \in C; c \ s \rrbracket \implies f \ l \ s \leq \text{ESPEC} E (I \ (\text{insert} \ l \ C1))$ 
assumes T_IMP:  $\bigwedge s. \llbracket c \ s; I \ C \ s \rrbracket \implies P \ s$ 
assumes C_IMP:  $\bigwedge s \ C1. \llbracket \neg c \ s; C1 \subseteq C; I \ C1 \ s \rrbracket \implies P \ s$ 
shows iterate_clause cref c f s  $\leq$  ESPEC E P
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 
applyS (simp add: INV_itran_ord)
applyS (simp add: I0)
applyS (rule F_RL; auto)
applyS (erule C_IMP; assumption?; auto)

```

```

applyS (auto intro: T_IMP)
⟨proof⟩

definition check_unit_clause1 A cref ≡ doE {
  ul ← iterate_clause cref (λul. True) (λul. doE {
    CHECK (sem_lit' l A ≠ Some True)
    (mkp_err STR "True literal in clause assumed to be unit");
    if (sem_lit' l A = Some False) then ERETURN ul
    else doE {
      CHECK (ul = None ∨ ul = Some l)
      (mkp_err STR "2-undec in clause assumed to be unit");
      ERETURN (Some l)
    }
  }) None;
  CHECK (ul ≠ None) (mkp_err STR "Conflict in clause assumed to be unit");
  EASSERT (ul ≠ None);
  ERETURN (the ul)
}

lemma check_unit_clause1_refine[refine]:
  assumes [simplified, simp]: (Ai,A) ∈ Id
  assumes CR: (cref,C) ∈ cref_rel
  shows check_unit_clause1 Ai cref ≤ ⊢E UNIV Id (check_unit_clause A C)
⟨proof⟩

definition resolve_id1 ≡ λ(CM,_) i. doE {
  CHECK (i ∈ dom CM) (mkp_errN STR "Invalid clause id" i);
  ERETURN (the (CM i))
}

lemma resolve_id1_refine[refine]:
  [(CMi,CM) ∈ clausemap1_rel; (ii,i) ∈ Id]
  ⇒ resolve_id1 CMi ii ≤ ⊢E UNIV cref_rel (resolve_id CM i)
⟨proof⟩

definition apply_unit1_bt i CM A T ≡ doE {
  C ← resolve_id1 CM i;
  l ← check_unit_clause1 A C;
  assign_lit_bt A T l
}

lemma apply_unit1_bt_refine[refine]:
  [(ii,i) ∈ Id; (CMi,CM) ∈ clausemap1_rel; (Ai,A) ∈ Id; (Ti,T) ∈ Id]
  ⇒ apply_unit1_bt CMi Ai Ti ≤ ⊢E UNIV Id (apply_unit_bt i CM A T)
⟨proof⟩

definition apply_units1_bt CM A T prf ≡ doE {
  (i,prf) ← parse_idZ prf;
  ((A,T),i,prf) ← EWHILET
    (λ((A,T),i,prf). i ≠ 0)
    (λ((A,T),i,prf). doE {
      (A,T) ← apply_unit1_bt i CM A T;
      (i,prf) ← parse_idZ prf;
      ERETURN ((A,T),i,prf)
    }) ((A,T),i,prf);
  ERETURN ((A,T),prf)
}

lemma apply_units1_bt_refine[refine]:
  [(CMi,CM) ∈ clausemap1_rel; (Ai,A) ∈ Id; (Ti,T) ∈ Id; (iti,it) ∈ Id]
  ⇒ apply_units1_bt CMi Ai Ti iti ≤ ⊢E UNIV Id (apply_units_bt CM A T it)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition apply_unit1 i CM A ≡ doE {
  C ← resolve_id1 CM i;
  l ← check_unit_clause1 A C;
  ERETURN (assign_lit A l)
}

lemma apply_unit1_refine[refine]:
  [[ (ii,i) ∈ Id; (CMi,CM) ∈ clausemap1_rel; (Ai,A) ∈ Id ]]
  ⇒ apply_unit1 ii CMi Ai ≤ ↓_E UNIV Id (apply_unit i CM A)
  ⟨proof⟩

definition apply_units1 CM A prf ≡ doE {
  (i,prf) ← parse_idZ prf;
  (A,i,prf) ← EWHILET
    (λ(A,i,prf). i ≠ 0)
    (λ(A,i,prf). doE {
      A ← apply_unit1 i CM A;
      (i,prf) ← parse_idZ prf;
      ERETURN (A,i,prf)
    }) (A,i,prf);
  ERETURN (A,prf)
}

lemma apply_units1_refine[refine]:
  [[ (CMi,CM) ∈ clausemap1_rel; (Ai,A) ∈ Id; (iti,it) ∈ Id ]]
  ⇒ apply_units1 CMi Ai iti ≤ ↓_E UNIV Id (apply_units CM A it)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma dom_and_not_C_diff_aux: [[¬is_blocked A C]]
  ⇒ dom (and_not_C A C) = dom A ∪ var_of_lit‘C. A v = None
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma dom_and_not_C_eq: dom (and_not_C A C) = dom A ∪ var_of_lit‘C
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma backtrack_and_not_C_trail_eq: [[ is_backtrack (and_not_C A C) T A]]
  ⇒ T = {v ∈ var_of_lit‘C. A v = None}
  ⟨proof⟩

definition parse_check_blocked1 A0 cref ≡ doE {
  ((A,T),it') ← parse_check_clause cref (λ_. True) (λl (A,T). doE {
    CHECK (sem_lit' l A ≠ Some True) (mkp_err STR "Blocked lemma clause");
    if (sem_lit' l A = Some False) then ERETURN (A,T)
    else doE {
      EASSERT (sem_lit' l A = None);
      EASSERT (var_of_lit l ∉ T);
      ERETURN (assign_lit A (neg_lit l), insert (var_of_lit l) T)
    }
  }) (A0, {});
  ERETURN (cref, (A, T), it')
}

lemma parse_check_blocked1_refine[refine]:
  assumes [simplified, simp]: (Ai,A) ∈ Id (iti,it) ∈ Id
  shows parse_check_blocked1 Ai iti
  ≤ ↓_E UNIV (cref_rel ×_r Id ×_r Id) (parse_check_blocked_bt A it)
  ⟨proof⟩

definition check_conflict_clause1 prf0 A cref
  ≡ iterate_clause cref (λ_. True) (λl _. doE {
    CHECK (sem_lit' l A = Some False)
  })

```

```

(mkp_errprf STR "Expected conflict clause" prf0)
}) ()

lemma check_conflict_clause1_refine[refine]:
assumes [simplified,simp]: ( $A_i, A \in Id$ )
assumes CR: ( $cref, C \in cref\_rel$ )
shows check_conflict_clause1 it0  $A_i$   $cref$ 
 $\leq \Downarrow_E UNIV Id (CHECK (is\_conflict\_clause A C) msg)$ 
⟨proof⟩

definition lit_in_clause1 cref l ≡ doE {
  iterate_clause cref ( $\lambda f. \neg f$ ) ( $\lambda x \_. doE$  {
    ERETURN ( $l = lx$ )
  }) False
}

lemma lit_in_clause1_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
assumes CR: ( $cref, C \in cref\_rel$ )
shows lit_in_clause1 cref lc ≤ ESPEC ( $\lambda \_. False$ ) ( $\lambda r. r \longleftrightarrow lc \in C$ )
⟨proof⟩

definition lit_in_clause_and_not_true A cref lc ≡ doE {
  f ← iterate_clause cref ( $\lambda f. f \neq 2$ ) ( $\lambda l f. doE$  {
    if ( $l = lc$ ) then ERETURN 1
    else if ( $sem\_lit' l A = Some True$ ) then ERETURN 2
    else ERETURN f
  }) (0::nat);
  ERETURN ( $f = 1$ )
}

lemma lit_in_clause_and_not_true_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
assumes CR: ( $cref, C \in cref\_rel$ )
shows lit_in_clause_and_not_true A cref lc
 $\leq ESPEC (\lambda \_. False)$ 
 $(\lambda r. r \longleftrightarrow lc \in C \wedge sem\_clause' (C - \{lc\}) A \neq Some True)$ 
⟨proof⟩

definition and_not_C_excl A cref exl ≡ doE {
  iterate_clause cref ( $\lambda \_. True$ ) ( $\lambda l (A, T). doE$  {
    if ( $l \neq exl$ ) then doE {
      EASSERT ( $sem\_lit' l A \neq Some True$ );
      if ( $sem\_lit' l A \neq Some False$ ) then doE {
        EASSERT ( $var\_of\_lit l \notin T$ );
        ERETURN (assign_lit A (neg_lit l), insert (var_of_lit l) T)
      } else
        ERETURN (A, T)
    } else
      ERETURN (A, T)
  }) (A, {})
}

lemma and_not_C_excl_refine[refine]:
assumes [simplified,simp]: ( $A_i, A \in Id$ )
assumes CR: ( $cref, C \in cref\_rel$ )
assumes [simplified,simp]: ( $exli, exl \in Id$ )
assumes [simplified,simp]: ( $Id \times_r Id \times_r Id$ )
shows and_not_C_excl Ai cref exli
 $\leq \Downarrow_E UNIV (Id \times_r Id) (and\_not\_C\_bt A (C - \{exl\}))$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma get_rat_candidates1_refine[refine]:
  assumes CMR: ( $CM_i, CM$ ) ∈ clausemap1_rel
  assumes [simplified, simp]: ( $A_i, A$ ) ∈ Id ( $resliti_i, reslit$ ) ∈ Id
  shows get_rat_candidates1  $CM_i A_i resliti_i$ 
    ≤↓E UNIV (Id) (get_rat_candidates  $CM A reslit$ )
⟨proof⟩
  focus ⟨proof⟩
  solved
⟨proof⟩

```

```
definition backtrack1 A T ≡ do {
  ASSUME (finite T);
  FOREACH T (λx A. RETURN (A(x:=None))) A
}
```

**lemma** *backtrack1\_correct*[*THEN SPEC\_trans, refine\_veg*]:  
 $\text{backtrack1 } A \ T \leq \text{SPEC}(\lambda r. r = \text{backtrack } A \ T)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

```

definition (in -) abs_cr_register_ndj
:: 'a literal ⇒ 'id ⇒ ('a literal → 'id list) ⇒ ('a literal → 'id list)
where abs_cr_register_ndj l cid cr ≡ case cr l of
    None ⇒ cr | Some s ⇒ cr(l ↦ cid#s)

```

```

definition register_clause1 cid cref RL ≡ doE {
    iterate_clause cref (λ_. True) (λl RL. doE {
        ERETURN (abs_cr_register_ndj l cid RL)
    }) RL
}

```

~~XXX: Do we really need hybrid inserts? We have open intervals of clause which should not contain multiple yes/no~~

**definition**  $RL\_upd\ cid\ C\ RL \equiv (\lambda l.\ case\ RL\ l\ of$   
 $\quad None \Rightarrow None$   
 $\quad | Some\ s \Rightarrow if\ l \in C\ then\ Some\ (insert\ cid\ s)\ else\ Some\ s)$

**lemma**  $RL\_upd\_empty[simp]: RL\_upd\ cid\ \{\} \ RL = RL$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $RL\_upd\_insert\_eff:$   
 $RL\_upd\ cid\ C\ RL\ l = Some\ s$   
 $\implies RL\_upd\ cid\ (insert\ l\ C)\ RL = (RL\_upd\ cid\ C\ RL)(l \mapsto insert\ cid\ s)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $RL\_upd\_insert\_noeff:$   
 $RL\_upd\ cid\ C\ RL\ l = None \implies RL\_upd\ cid\ (insert\ l\ C)\ RL = RL\_upd\ cid\ C\ RL$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $register\_clause1\_correct[THEN\ ESPEC\_trans,\ refine\_vcg]:$   
**assumes**  $CR: (cref, C) \in cref\_rel$   
**assumes**  $RL: (RLi, RL) \in Id \rightarrow \langle br\ set\ (\lambda_.\ True) \rangle option\_rel$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**shows**  $register\_clause1\ cid\ cref\ RLi \leq ESPEC\ (\lambda_.\ False)$   
 $(\lambda RLi'.\ (RLi', RL\_upd\ cid\ C\ RL) \in Id \rightarrow \langle br\ set\ (\lambda_.\ True) \rangle option\_rel)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**apply1** (frule fun\_relD[ $OF\_IdI[of\ l]$ ])  
**apply1** (frule fun\_relD[ $OF\_IdI[of\ l']$ ])  
**apply1** (erule option\_relE;  
  simp add:  $RL\_upd\_insert\_eff\ RL\_upd\_insert\_noeff$ )  
**applyS** (auto simp: in\_br\_conv mbhd\_insert\_correct mbhd\_insert\_invar) []  
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**apply1** (drule fun\_relD[ $OF\_IdI[of\ l']$ ])  
**apply1** (erule set\_rev\_mp[ $OF\_option\_rel\_mono$ ])  
**applyS** (auto simp: in\_br\_conv mbhd\_invar\_exit)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition**  $add\_clause1$   
 $:: id \Rightarrow 'it \Rightarrow ('it) clausemap1 \Rightarrow (\_, ('it) clausemap1) enres$   
**where**  $add\_clause1 \equiv \lambda i\ cref\ (CM, RL). doE \{$   
 $let\ CM = CM(i \mapsto cref);$   
 $RL \leftarrow register\_clause1\ i\ cref\ RL;$   
 $ERETURN\ (CM, RL)$   
 $\}$

**lemma**  $add\_clause1\_refine[refine]:$   
 $\llbracket (ii, i) \in Id; (cref, C) \in cref\_rel; (CMi, CM) \in clausemap1\_rel \rrbracket \implies$   
 $add\_clause1\ ii\ cref\ CMi \leq \Downarrow_E UNIV\ clausemap1\_rel\ (add\_clause\ i\ C\ CM)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**applyS** assumption  
**applyS** (erule fun\_relD[rotated, where f=RLi and f'=RL];  
  auto simp: clausemap1\_rel\_def)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**apply1** clar simp  $\langle proof \rangle$   
**applyS** (auto simp:  $RL\_upd\_def\ split:\ if\_split\_asm$ ) []  
**applyS** (auto simp:  $RL\_upd\_def\ split:\ if\_split\_asm$ ) []  
**applyS** (auto  
  simp:  $RL\_upd\_def\ cref\_rel\_def\ in\_br\_conv$

```

    split: if_split_asm)
⟨proof⟩

definition check_rup_proof1
:: ('it) state1 ⇒ 'it ⇒ (nat × 'prf) ⇒ (‘,('it) state1 × 'it × (nat × 'prf)) enres
where
check_rup_proof1 ≡ λ(CM,A) it prf. doE {
  (i,prf) ← parse_id prf;
  CHECK (i∉cm_ids CM) (mkp_errNprf STR "Duplicate ID" i prf);
  (cref,(A,T),it) ← parse_check_blocked1 A it;

  ((A,T),prf) ← apply_units1_bt CM A T prf;
  (confl_id,prf) ← parse_id prf;
  confl ← resolve_id1 CM confl_id;
  check_conflict_clause1 prf A confl;
  CM ← add_clause1 i cref CM;
  A ← enres_lift (backtrack1 A T);
  ERETURN ((CM,A),it,prf)
}

lemma cm1_rel_imp_eq_ids[simp]:
assumes (cm1,cm) ∈ clausemap1_rel
shows cm_ids cm1 = cm_ids cm
⟨proof⟩

lemma check_rup_proof1_refine[refine]:
assumes SR: (si,s) ∈ state1_rel
assumes [simplified, simp]: (iti,it) ∈ Id (prfi,prf) ∈ Id
shows check_rup_proof1 si iti prfi
≤↓E UNIV (state1_rel ×r Id ×r Id) (check_rup_proof_bt s it prf)
⟨proof⟩

definition check_rat_candidates_part1 CM reslit candidates A prf ≡
check_candidates' candidates A prf (λcand_id A prf. doE {
  cand ← resolve_id1 CM cand_id;

  (A,T2) ← and_not_C_excl A cand (neg_lit reslit);
  ((A,T2),prf) ← apply_units1_bt CM A T2 prf;
  (confl_id,prf) ← parse_id prf;
  confl ← resolve_id1 CM confl_id;
  check_conflict_clause1 prf A confl;
  A ← enres_lift (backtrack1 A T2);
  ERETURN (A,prf)
})

definition check_rat_proof1
:: ('it) state1 ⇒ 'it ⇒ (nat × 'prf) ⇒ (‘,('it) state1 × 'it × (nat × 'prf)) enres
where
check_rat_proof1 ≡ λ(CM,A) it prf. doE {
  (reslit,prf) ← parse_prf_literal prf;
  CHECK (sem_lit' reslit A ≠ Some False)
    (mkp_errprf STR "Resolution literal is false" prf);
  (i,prf) ← parse_id prf;
  CHECK (i∉cm_ids CM) (mkp_errNprf STR "Ids must be strictly increasing" i prf);
  (cref,(A,T),it) ← parse_check_blocked1 A it;

  CHECK_monadic (lit_in_clause1 cref reslit)
    (mkp_errprf STR "Resolution literal not in clause" prf);
  ((A,T),prf) ← apply_units1_bt CM A T prf;
  candidates ← get_rat_candidates1 CM A reslit;
  (A,prf) ← check_rat_candidates_part1 CM reslit candidates A prf;
}

```

```

 $CM \leftarrow add\_clause1 i cref CM;$ 
 $A \leftarrow enres\_lift (backtrack1 A T);$ 
 $ERETURN ((CM,A),it,prf)$ 
}

lemma check_rat_proof1_refine[refine]:
assumes SR:  $(si,s) \in state1\_rel$ 
assumes [simplified, simp]:  $(iti,it) \in Id$   $(prfi,prf) \in Id$ 
shows check_rat_proof1 si iti prfi
 $\leq \Downarrow_E UNIV (state1\_rel \times_r Id \times_r Id) (check\_rat\_proof\_bt s it prf)$ 
⟨proof⟩

definition remove_id1
::  $id \Rightarrow ('cref) clausemap1 \Rightarrow (\_,('cref) clausemap1) enres$ 
where remove_id1 ≡  $\lambda i (CM,RL). ERETURN (CM(i:=None),RL)$ 

lemma remove_id1_refine[refine]:
 $\llbracket (ii,i) \in Id; (CMi,CM) \in clausemap1\_rel \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies remove\_id1 ii CMi \leq \Downarrow_E UNIV clausemap1\_rel (remove\_id i CM)$ 
⟨proof⟩

definition remove_ids1
::  $('cref) clausemap1 \Rightarrow (nat \times 'prf) \Rightarrow (\_,('cref) clausemap1 \times (nat \times 'prf)) enres$ 
where
remove_ids1 CM prf ≡ doE {
   $(i,prf) \leftarrow parse\_idZ prf;$ 
   $(CM,i,prf) \leftarrow EWHILET$ 
   $(\lambda(\_,i,\_). i \neq 0)$ 
   $(\lambda(CM,i,prf). doE {$ 
     $CM \leftarrow remove\_id1 i CM;$ 
     $(i,prf) \leftarrow parse\_idZ prf;$ 
     $ERETURN (CM,i,prf)$ 
  }) (CM,i,prf);
   $ERETURN (CM,prf)$ 
}
}

lemma remove_ids1_refine[refine]:
 $\llbracket (CMi,CM) \in clausemap1\_rel; (prfi,prf) \in Id \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies remove\_ids1 CMi prfi \leq \Downarrow_E UNIV (clausemap1\_rel \times_r Id) (remove\_ids CM prf)$ 
⟨proof⟩

definition check_item1
::  $('it) state1 \Rightarrow 'it \Rightarrow (nat \times 'prf) \Rightarrow (\_,((it) state1 \times 'it \times (nat \times 'prf)) option) enres$ 
where check_item1 ≡  $\lambda(CM,A) it prf. doE {$ 
   $(ty,prf) \leftarrow parse\_type prf;$ 
  case ty of
    INVALID ⇒ THROW (mkp_err STR "Invalid item")
  | UNIT_PROP ⇒ doE {
     $(A,prf) \leftarrow apply\_units1 CM A prf;$ 
     $ERETURN (Some ((CM,A),it,prf))$ 
  }
  | DELETION ⇒ doE {
     $(CM,prf) \leftarrow remove\_ids1 CM prf;$ 
     $ERETURN (Some ((CM,A),it,prf))$ 
  }
  | RUP_Lemma ⇒ doE {
     $s \leftarrow check\_rup\_proof1 (CM,A) it prf;$ 
     $ERETURN (Some s)$ 
  }
  | RAT_Lemma ⇒ doE {
     $s \leftarrow check\_rat\_proof1 (CM,A) it prf;$ 
     $ERETURN (Some s)$ 
  }
}

```

```

        }
    | CONFLICT => doE {
        (i,prf) ← parse_id prf;
        cref ← resolve_id1 CM i;
        check_conflict_clause1 prf A cref;
        ERETURN None
    }
    | RAT_COUNTS => THROW (mkp_errprf
        STR "Not expecting rat-counts in the middle of proof" prf)
}
}

lemma check_item1_refine[refine]:
assumes SR: (si,s) ∈ state1_rel
assumes [simplified, simp]: (iti,it) ∈ Id (prfi,prf) ∈ Id
shows check_item1 si iti prfi
    ≤↓E UNIV ((state1_rel ×r Id ×r Id) option_rel) (check_item_bt s it prf)
⟨proof⟩
applyS simp
⟨proof⟩

lemma check_item1_deforest: check_item1 = (λ(CM,A) it prf. doE {
    (ty,prf) ← parse_prf prf;
    if ty=1 then doE {
        (A,prf) ← apply_units1 CM A prf;
        ERETURN (Some ((CM,A),it,prf))
    }
    else if ty=2 then doE {
        (CM,prf) ← remove_ids1 CM prf;
        ERETURN (Some ((CM,A),it,prf))
    }
    else if ty=3 then doE {
        s ← check_rup_proof1 (CM,A) it prf;
        ERETURN (Some s)
    }
    else if ty=4 then doE {
        s ← check_rat_proof1 (CM,A) it prf;
        ERETURN (Some s)
    }
    else if ty=5 then doE {
        (i,prf) ← parse_id prf;
        cref ← resolve_id1 CM i;
        check_conflict_clause1 prf A cref;
        ERETURN None
    }
    else if ty=6 then
        THROW (mkp_errprf STR "Not expecting rat-counts in the middle of proof" prf)
    else
        THROW (mkp_errIprf STR "Invalid item type" ty prf)
})
⟨proof⟩

definition (in -) cm_empty1 :: ('cref) clausemap1
  where cm_empty1 ≡ (Map.empty, Map.empty)
lemma cm_empty_refine[refine]: (cm_empty1, cm_empty) ∈ clausemap1_rel
⟨proof⟩

definition is_syn_taut1 cref A ≡ doE {
  EASSERT (A = Map.empty);
  (t,A) ← iterate_clause cref (λ(t,A). ¬t) (λl (t,A). doE {
    if (sem_lit' l A = Some False) then ERETURN (True,A)
    else if sem_lit' l A = Some True then ERETURN (False,A) /PUP/fffff//Pfffff//ffff//ff//ff//})
}

```

```

else doE {
  EASSERT (sem_lit' l A = None);
  ERETURN (False,assign_lit A l)
}
}) (False,A);

///////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
A ← iterate_clause cref (λ_. True) (λl A. doE {
  let A = A(var_of_lit l := None);
  ERETURN A
}) A;

ERETURN (t,A)
}

lemma is_syn_taut1_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
  assumes CR: (cref,C) ∈ cref_rel
  assumes [simp]: A = Map.empty
  shows is_syn_taut1 cref A
    ≤ ESPEC (λ_. False) (λ(t,A). (t ↔ is_syn_taut C) ∧ A = Map.empty)
  ⟨proof⟩

definition read_cnf_new1
  :: 'it ⇒ 'it ⇒ 'it clausemap1 ⇒ (, 'it clausemap1) enres
  where read_cnf_new1 itE it CM ≡ doE {
    (CM,next_id,A) ← tok_fold itE it (λit (CM,next_id,A). doE {
      (it',(t,A)) ← read_clause_check_taut itE it A;
      if t then ERETURN (it',(CM,next_id+1,A))
      else doE {
        EASSERT (exists l it'. lz_string litZ it l it');
        let C = it;
        CM ← add_clause1 next_id C CM;
        ERETURN (it',(CM,next_id+1,A))
      }
    })
  } (CM,1,Map.empty);
  ERETURN (CM)
}

lemma read_cnf_new1_refine[refine]:
  assumes [simplified,simp]: (F_begini, F_begin) ∈ Id (F_endi,F_end) ∈ Id
  assumes [simp]: (CMi,CM) ∈ clausemap1_rel
  shows read_cnf_new1 F_endi F_begini CMi
    ≤ UNIV (clausemap1_rel)
    (read_cnf_new F_end F_begin CM)
  ⟨proof⟩
  applyS auto
  ⟨proof⟩

definition cm_init_lit1
  :: var literal ⇒ ('it) clausemap1 ⇒ (,('it) clausemap1) enres
  where cm_init_lit1 ≡ λl (CM,RL). ERETURN (CM,RL(l ↦ []))

definition init_rat_counts1 prf ≡ doE {
  (ty,prf) ← parse_type prf;
  CHECK (ty = RAT_COUNTS) (mkp_errprf STR "Expected RAT counts item" prf);

  (l,prf) ← parse_prf_literalZ prf;
  (CM,_,prf) ← EWHILET (λ(CM,l,prf). l ≠ None) (λ(CM,l,prf). doE {
    EASSERT (l ≠ None);
    let l = the l;
    (_,prf) ← parse_prf prf;
    let l = neg_lit l;
  })
}

```

```

 $CM \leftarrow cm\_init\_lit1 l CM;$ 
 $(l,prf) \leftarrow parse\_prf\_literalZ prf;$ 
 $\text{ERETURN } (CM,l,prf)$ 
 $\}) (cm\_empty1,l,prf);$ 

 $\text{ERETURN } (CM,prf)$ 
 $\}$ 

lemma init_rat_counts1_refine[refine]:
assumes [simplified,simp]:  $(prfi,prf) \in Id$ 
shows init_rat_counts1  $prfi \leq \Downarrow_E UNIV (clausemap1\_rel \times_r Id) (init\_rat\_counts prf)$ 
{proof}

lemma init_rat_counts1_deforest: init_rat_counts1  $prf = doE \{$ 
 $(ty,prf) \leftarrow parse\_prf prf;$ 
 $CHECK (ty = 1 \vee ty = 2 \vee ty = 3 \vee ty = 4 \vee ty = 5 \vee ty = 6)$ 
 $\quad (mkp\_errIprf STR "Invalid item type" ty prf);$ 
 $CHECK (ty = 6) (mkp\_errprf STR "Expected RAT counts item" prf);$ 
 $(l,prf) \leftarrow parse\_prf\_literalZ prf;$ 
 $(CM,l,prf) \leftarrow EWHILET$ 
 $\quad (\lambda(CM,l,prf). l \neq None)$ 
 $\quad (\lambda(CM,l,prf). doE \{$ 
 $\quad \quad EASSERT (l \neq None);$ 
 $\quad \quad let l = the l;$ 
 $\quad \quad (\_,prf) \leftarrow parse\_prf prf;$ 
 $\quad \quad let l = neg\_lit l;$ 
 $\quad \quad CM \leftarrow cm\_init\_lit1 l CM;$ 
 $\quad (l,prf) \leftarrow parse\_prf\_literalZ prf;$ 
 $\quad \text{ERETURN } (CM,l,prf)$ 
 $\}) (cm\_empty1,l,prf);$ 
 $\text{ERETURN } (CM,prf)$ 
 $\}$ 
{proof}

definition verify_unsat1  $F\_begin F\_end it prf \equiv doE \{$ 
 $EASSERT (it\_invar it);$ 
 $(CM,prf) \leftarrow init\_rat\_counts1 prf;$ 
 $CM \leftarrow read\_cnf\_new1 F\_end F\_begin CM;$ 
 $let s = (CM,Map.empty);$ 
 $EWHILEIT$ 
 $\quad (\lambda Some (\_,it,\_) \Rightarrow it\_invar it \mid None \Rightarrow True)$ 
 $\quad (\lambda s. s \neq None)$ 
 $\quad (\lambda s. doE \{$ 
 $\quad \quad EASSERT (s \neq None);$ 
 $\quad \quad let (s,it,prf) = the s;$ 
 $\quad \quad EASSERT (it\_invar it);$ 
 $\quad \quad check\_item1 s it prf$ 
 $\quad \}) (Some (s,it,prf));$ 
 $\text{ERETURN } ()$ 
 $\}$ 
{check_item1}  $s it prf$ 
{Some}  $(s,it,prf))$ ;
{ERETURN} ()
{CHECK}  $/is//None//$/\mkp//e///\Pr//d/d//\d/d//\c/c/f/c/declaration//$/$ 
 $\}$ 

```

```

lemma verify_unsat1_refine[refine]:
  [ (F_begini,F_begin) ∈ Id; (F_endi,F_end) ∈ Id; (iti,it) ∈ Id; (prfi,prf) ∈ Id ]
  ==> verify_unsat1 F_begini F_endi iti prfi
    ≤↓E UNIV Id (verify_unsat_bt F_begin F_end it prf)
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

## 4.4 Refinement 2

### 4.4.1 Getting Out of Exception Monad

```

context unsat_input
begin
  lemmas [enres_inline] = parse_id_def parse_idZ_def parse_prf_literal_def parse_prf_literalZ_def

  synth-definition parse_prf_bd is [enres_unfolds]: parse_prf prf = □
  ⟨proof⟩

  synth-definition check_unit_clause1_bd
    is [enres_unfolds]: check_unit_clause1 A cref = □
    ⟨proof⟩
  lemma resolve_id1_alt: resolve_id1 = (λ(CM,_) i. doE {
    let x = CM i;
    if (x=None) then THROW (mkp_errN STR "Invalid clause id" i)
    else ERETURN (the x)
  })
  ⟨proof⟩

  synth-definition resolve_id1_bd is [enres_unfolds]: resolve_id1 CM cid = □
  ⟨proof⟩

  synth-definition apply_unit1_bt_bd
    is [enres_unfolds]: apply_unit1_bt i CM A T = □
    ⟨proof⟩

  synth-definition apply_units1_bt_bd
    is [enres_unfolds]: apply_units1_bt CM A T units = □
    ⟨proof⟩

  synth-definition apply_unit1_bd is [enres_unfolds]: apply_unit1 i CM A = □
  ⟨proof⟩

  synth-definition apply_units1_bd
    is [enres_unfolds]: apply_units1 CM A units = □
    ⟨proof⟩

  synth-definition remove_ids1_bd
    is [enres_unfolds]: remove_ids1 CM prf = □
    ⟨proof⟩

  synth-definition parse_check_blocked1_bd
    is [enres_unfolds]: parse_check_blocked1 A cref = □
    ⟨proof⟩

  synth-definition check_conflict_clause1_bd
    is [enres_unfolds]: check_conflict_clause1 prfo A cref = □
    ⟨proof⟩

  synth-definition and_not_C_excl_bd
    is [enres_breakdown]: and_not_C_excl A cref excl = enres_lift □
    ⟨proof⟩

```

```

synth-definition lit_in_clause_and_not_true_bd
  is [enres_breakdown]: lit_in_clause_and_not_true A cref lc = enres_lift  $\square$ 
  {proof}

synth-definition lit_in_clause_bd
  is [enres_breakdown]: lit_in_clause1 cref lc = enres_lift  $\square$ 
  {proof}

synth-definition get_rat_candidates1_bd
  is [enres_unfolds]: get_rat_candidates1 CM A l =  $\square$ 
  {proof}

synth-definition add_clause1_bd
  is [enres_breakdown]: add_clause1 i it CM = enres_lift  $\square$ 
  {proof}

synth-definition check_rup_proof1_bd
  is [enres_unfolds]: check_rup_proof1 s it prf =  $\square$ 
  {proof}

term check_rat_candidates_part1
synth-definition check_rat_candidates_part1_bd
  is [enres_unfolds]:
    check_rat_candidates_part1 CM reslit candidates A prf =  $\square$ 
  {proof}

synth-definition check_rat_proof1_bd
  is [enres_unfolds]: check_rat_proof1 s it prf =  $\square$ 
  {proof}

synth-definition check_item1_bd is [enres_unfolds]: check_item1 s it prf =  $\square$ 
  {proof}

synth-definition is_syn_taut1_bd
  is [enres_breakdown]: is_syn_taut1 cref A = enres_lift  $\square$ 
  {proof}

synth-definition read_clause_check_taut_bd
  is [enres_unfolds]: read_clause_check_taut F_end F_begin A =  $\square$ 
  {proof}

synth-definition read_cnf_new1_bd
  is [enres_unfolds]: read_cnf_new1 F_begin F_end CM =  $\square$ 
  {proof}

synth-definition init_rat_counts1_bd
  is [enres_unfolds]: init_rat_counts1 prf =  $\square$ 
  {proof}

synth-definition verify_unsat1_bd
  is [enres_unfolds]: verify_unsat1 F_begin F_end it prf =  $\square$ 
  {proof}

end

```

#### 4.4.2 Instantiating Input Locale

```

locale GRAT_def_loc = DB2_def_loc +
  fixes prf_next :: 'prf  $\Rightarrow$  int  $\times$  'prf

```

```

locale GRAT_loc = DB2_loc DB frml_end + GRAT_def_loc DB frml_end prf_next

```

```

for DB frml_end and prf_next :: 'prf ⇒ int × 'prf

context GRAT_loc
begin
  sublocale unsat_input liti.next liti.peek liti.end liti.I prf_next
    ⟨proof⟩
end

```

**4.4.3 Extraction from Locale**

named-theorems extrloc\_unfolds

```

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) parse_prf2_loc
  uses parse_prf_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) parse_prf2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition parse_prf2
  uses GRAT_loc.parse_prf2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) parse_prf2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) parse_check_blocked2_loc
  uses parse_check_blocked1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) parse_check_blocked2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition parse_check_blocked2
  uses GRAT_loc.parse_check_blocked2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) parse_check_blocked2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) check_unit_clause2_loc
  uses check_unit_clause1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_unit_clause2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition check_unit_clause2 uses GRAT_loc.check_unit_clause2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_unit_clause2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) resolve_id2_loc
  uses resolve_id1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) resolve_id2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition resolve_id2 uses GRAT_loc.resolve_id2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) resolve_id2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) apply_units2_loc
  uses apply_units1_bd_def[unfolded apply_unit1_bd_def extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) apply_units2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition apply_units2 uses GRAT_loc.apply_units2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) apply_units2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) apply_units2_bt_loc
  uses apply_units1_bt_bd_def[unfolded apply_unit1_bt_bd_def extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) apply_units2_bt_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition apply_units2_bt uses GRAT_loc.apply_units2_bt_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) apply_units2_bt.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) remove_ids2_loc
  uses remove_ids1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) remove_ids2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition remove_ids2 uses GRAT_loc.remove_ids2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) remove_ids2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) check_conflict_clause2_loc
  uses check_conflict_clause1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_conflict_clause2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition check_conflict_clause2 uses GRAT_loc.check_conflict_clause2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_conflict_clause2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

```

```

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) and_not_C_excl2_loc
  uses and_not_C_excl_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) and_not_C_excl2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition and_not_C_excl2 uses GRAT_loc.and_not_C_excl2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) and_not_C_excl2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) lit_in_clause_and_not_true2_loc
  uses lit_in_clause_and_not_true_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) lit_in_clause_and_not_true2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition lit_in_clause_and_not_true2 uses GRAT_loc.lit_in_clause_and_not_true2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) lit_in_clause_and_not_true2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) get_rat_candidates2_loc
  uses get_rat_candidates1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) get_rat_candidates2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition get_rat_candidates2 uses GRAT_loc.get_rat_candidates2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) get_rat_candidates2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) backtrack2_loc
  uses backtrack1_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) backtrack2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition backtrack2 uses GRAT_loc.backtrack2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) backtrack2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) add_clause2_loc
  uses add_clause1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) add_clause2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition add_clause2 uses GRAT_loc.add_clause2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) add_clause2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) check_rup_proof2_loc
  uses check_rup_proof1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_rup_proof2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition check_rup_proof2 uses GRAT_loc.check_rup_proof2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_rup_proof2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) lit_in_clause2_loc
  uses lit_in_clause_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) lit_in_clause2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition lit_in_clause2 uses GRAT_loc.lit_in_clause2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) lit_in_clause2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) check_rat_candidates_part2_loc
  uses check_rat_candidates_part1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_rat_candidates_part2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition check_rat_candidates_part2 uses GRAT_loc.check_rat_candidates_part2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_rat_candidates_part2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) check_rat_proof2_loc
  uses check_rat_proof1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_rat_proof2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition check_rat_proof2 uses GRAT_loc.check_rat_proof2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_rat_proof2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) check_item2_loc
  uses check_item1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_item2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]

```

```

concrete-definition check_item2 uses GRAT_loc.check_item2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) check_item2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) is_syn_taut2_loc
  uses is_syn_taut1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) is_syn_taut2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition is_syn_taut2 uses GRAT_loc.is_syn_taut2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) is_syn_taut2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

//concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) read_clause_check_taut2_loc
//  uses read_clause_check_taut_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
//declare (in GRAT_loc) read_clause_check_taut2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
//concrete-definition read_clause_check_taut2 uses GRAT_loc.read_clause_check_taut2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
//declare (in GRAT_loc) read_clause_check_taut2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) read_cnf_new2_loc
  uses read_cnf_new1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) read_cnf_new2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition read_cnf_new2 uses GRAT_loc.read_cnf_new2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) read_cnf_new2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

//concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) init_rat_counts2_loc
//  uses init_rat_counts1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
//declare (in GRAT_loc) init_rat_counts2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
//concrete-definition init_rat_counts2 uses GRAT_loc.init_rat_counts2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
//declare (in GRAT_loc) init_rat_counts2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in GRAT_loc) verify_unsat2_loc
  uses verify_unsat1_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) verify_unsat2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition verify_unsat2 uses GRAT_loc.verify_unsat2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in GRAT_loc) verify_unsat2.refine[OF GRAT_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

```

#### 4.4.4 Synthesis of Imperative Code

```

definition creg_register_ndj l cid cr ≡ do {
  x ← array_get_dyn None cr (int_encode l);
  case x of
    None ⇒ return cr
  | Some s ⇒ array_set_dyn None cr (int_encode l) (Some (cid#s))
}

```

```

lemma creg_register_ndj_rule[sep_heap_rules]:
  [(i,l) ∈ lit_rel] ⇒
  <is_creg cr a>
  creg_register_ndj i cid a
  <is_creg (abs_cr_register_ndj l cid cr)>_t
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma creg_register_hnr[sepref_fr_rules]:
  (uncurry2 creg_register_ndj, uncurry2 (RETURN ooo abs_cr_register_ndj))
    ∈ (pure lit_rel)k *a nat_assnk *a is_cregd →a is_creg
  ⟨proof⟩

sepref-register abs_cr_register_ndj :: nat literal ⇒ nat ⇒ _
  :: nat literal ⇒ nat ⇒ (nat literal,nat list) i_map
  ⇒ (nat literal,nat list) i_map

context GRAT_def_loc
begin
  lemma prf_next_hnr[sepref_import_param]: (prf_next,prf_next) ∈ Id → Id ×r Id
  ⟨proof⟩

  definition prfi_assn :: nat × 'prf ⇒ _ where prfi_assn ≡ id_assn

  definition prfn_assn :: ('prf ⇒ int × 'prf) ⇒ _ where prfn_assn ≡ id_assn

  abbreviation errorp_assn
  ≡ (id_assn :: String.literal ⇒ _) ×a option_assn int_assn ×a option_assn prfi_assn

  lemma prfi_assn_pure[safe_constraint_rules]: is_pure prfi_assn ⟨proof⟩

  term prf_next

end

sepref-decl-intf 'prf i_prfi is nat × 'prf
sepref-decl-intf 'prf i_prfn is 'prf ⇒ int × 'prf

context
  fixes DB :: clausedb2
  fixes frml_end :: nat
  fixes prf_next :: 'prf ⇒ int × 'prf
begin
  interpretation GRAT_def_loc DB frml_end prf_next ⟨proof⟩

  abbreviation state_assn' ≡ cm_assn ×a assignment_assn
  type-synonym i_state' = i_cm × i_assignment

  term parse_prf2_thm  parse_prf2_def

  lemmas [intf_of_assn] =
    intf_of_assnI[where R=prfi_assn and 'a='prf i_prfi]
    intf_of_assnI[where R=prfn_assn and 'a='prf i_prfn]

  term mkp_raw_err

  lemma mkp_raw_err_hnr[sepref_fr_rules]:
    (uncurry2 (return ooo mkp_raw_err), uncurry2 (RETURN ooo mkp_raw_err))
      ∈ id_assnk *a (option_assn int_assn)k *a (option_assn prfi_assn)k →a errorp_assn
    ⟨proof⟩

  sepref-register mkp_raw_err :: String.literal ⇒ int option ⇒ 'prf i_prfi option
  ⇒ String.literal × int option × 'prf i_prfi option

  definition parse_prf_impl (prfn :: 'prf ⇒ int × 'prf) ≡ λ(fuel::nat,prf).
    if fuel > 0 then do {
      let (x,prf) = prfn prf;

```

```

    return (Inr (x,(fuel-1,prf)))
} else
    return (Inl (mkp_raw_err (STR "Out of fuel") None (Some (fuel, prf))))
}

lemma parse_prfImpl_hnr[sepref_fr_rules]:
  (uncurry parse_prfImpl, uncurry parse_prf2) ∈ prfn_assnk *a prfi_assnd
  →a errorp_assn +a int_assn ×a prfi_assn
  {proof}
sepref-register parse_prf2
  :: 'prf i_prfn ⇒ 'prf i_prfi ⇒ ('prf i_prfi error + int × 'prf i_prfi) nres

```

**term** *read\_clause\_check\_taut2*

```

sepref-definition read_clause_check_taut3 is uncurry3 read_clause_check_taut2
  :: liti.a_assnk *a liti.it_assnk *a liti.it_assnk *a assignment_assnd
    →a errorp_assn +a liti.it_assn ×a bool_assn ×a assignment_assn
  ⟨proof⟩
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = read_clause_check_taut3.refine
sepref-register read_clause_check_taut2
  :: int list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ i_assignment
    ⇒ ('prf i_prfi error + nat × bool × i_assignment) nres

```

```

sepref-definition add_clause3 is uncurry3 add_clause2
  :: liti.a_assnk *a nat_assnk *a liti.it_assnk *a cm_assnd →a cm_assn
  ⟨proof⟩
sepref-register add_clause2 :: int list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ i_cm ⇒ i_cm nres
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = add_clause3.refine

```

*//VODKA// Why can't we remember it's max + type? // Begnized this /activity/ during development and was never seen again//*

```

sepref-definition read_cnf_new3 is uncurry3 read_cnf_new2
  :: liti.a_assnk *a liti.it_assnk *a liti.it_assnk *a cm_assnd
    →a errorp_assn +a cm_assn
  ⟨proof⟩
sepref-register read_cnf_new2
  :: int list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ i_cm ⇒ ('prf i_prfi error + i_cm)
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = read_cnf_new3.refine

```

```

sepref-definition parse_check_blocked3 is uncurry2 parse_check_blocked2
:: liti.a_assnk *a assignment_assnd *a liti.it_assnk
   →a errorp_assn +a
      liti.it_assn
      ×a (assignment_assn ×a list_set_assn id_assn)
      ×a liti.it_assn
⟨proof⟩

```

```

term parse_check_blocked2
sepref-register parse_check_blocked2
  :: int list  $\Rightarrow$  i_assignment  $\Rightarrow$  nat
     $\Rightarrow$  ('prf i_prfi error + nat  $\times$  (i_assignment  $\times$  nat set)  $\times$  nat) nres
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = parse_check_blocked3.refine

```

```

sepref-definition check_unit_clause3 is uncurry2 check_unit_clause2
  :: liti.a_assnk *a assignment_assnk *a (liti.it_assn)k
     →a sum_assn errorp_assn (pure lit_rel)
  ⟨proof⟩
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = check_unit_clause3.refine
sepref-register check_unit_clause2
  :: int list ⇒ i_assignment ⇒ nat ⇒ ('prf i_prf error + nat literal) nn

```

**sepref-definition** *resolve\_id3* is *uncurry resolve\_id2*

```

:: cm_assnk *a nat_assnk →a sum_assn errorp_assn liti.it_assn
⟨proof⟩
term resolve_id2
sepref-register resolve_id2
  :: (nat) clausemap1 ⇒ nat ⇒ _ :: i_cm ⇒ nat ⇒ ('prf i_prfi error + nat) nres
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = resolve_id3.refine

term apply_units2
sepref-definition apply_units3 is uncurry4 apply_units2
  :: liti.a_assnk *a prfn_assnk *a cm_assnk *a (assignment_assn)d *a prfi_assnd
    →a errorp_assn +a assignment_assn ×a prfi_assn
  ⟨proof⟩
sepref-register apply_units2 :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ (nat) clausemap1 ⇒ _
  :: int list ⇒ 'prf i_prfn ⇒ i_cm ⇒ i_assignment ⇒ 'prf i_prfi
    ⇒ ('prf i_prfi error + i_assignment × 'prf i_prfi) nres
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = apply_units3.refine

//WOMDO//Use//dffff//based/list/tryread//y/m//set//dfffN/
sepref-definition apply_units3_bt is uncurry5 apply_units2_bt
  :: liti.a_assnk
    *a prfn_assnk
    *a cm_assnk
    *a (assignment_assn)d
    *a (list_set_assn nat_assn)d
    *a prfi_assnd
  →a errorp_assn +a
    (assignment_assn ×a list_set_assn nat_assn) ×a prfi_assn
  ⟨proof⟩

sepref-register apply_units2_bt :: _ ⇒ _ ⇒ (nat) clausemap1 ⇒ _
  :: int list ⇒ 'prf i_prfn ⇒ i_cm ⇒ i_assignment ⇒ nat set ⇒ 'prf i_prfi
    ⇒ ('prf i_prfi error + (i_assignment × nat set) × 'prf i_prfi) nres
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = apply_units3_bt.refine

term remove_ids2
sepref-definition remove_ids3 is uncurry2 remove_ids2
  :: prfn_assnk *a cm_assnd *a prfi_assnd
    →a errorp_assn +a cm_assn ×a prfi_assn
  ⟨proof⟩
sepref-register remove_ids2 :: _ ⇒ (nat) clausemap1 ⇒ _
  :: 'prf i_prfn ⇒ i_cm ⇒ 'prf i_prfi ⇒ ('prf i_prfi error + i_cm × 'prf i_prfi)
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = remove_ids3.refine

term check_conflict_clause2
sepref-definition check_conflict_clause3 is uncurry3 check_conflict_clause2
  :: liti.a_assnk *a prfi_assnk *a assignment_assnk *a liti.it_assnk
    →a sum_assn errorp_assn unit_assn
  ⟨proof⟩
sepref-register check_conflict_clause2
  :: int list ⇒ 'prf i_prfi ⇒ i_assignment ⇒ nat ⇒ ('prf i_prfi error + unit) nres
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = check_conflict_clause3.refine

term and_not_C_excl2
sepref-definition and_not_C_excl3 is uncurry3 and_not_C_excl2
  :: liti.a_assnk *a (assignment_assn)d *a (liti.it_assn)k *a (pure lit_rel)k
    →a prod_assn assignment_assn (list_set_assn nat_assn)
  ⟨proof⟩
sepref-register and_not_C_excl2
  :: int list ⇒ i_assignment ⇒ nat ⇒ nat literal
    ⇒ (i_assignment × nat set) nres
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = and_not_C_excl3.refine

```



**definition** *verify\_unsat\_split\_impl\_wrapper DBi prf\_next F\_end it prf*  $\equiv$  do {

```

lenDBi ← Array.len DBi;

if (0 < F_end ∧ F_end ≤ lenDBi ∧ 0 < it ∧ it ≤ lenDBi) then
  verify_unsat3 DBi prf_next 1 F_end it prf
else
  return (Inl (STR "Invalid arguments",None,None))
}

lemmas [code] = DB2_def_loc.item_next_impl_def
export-code verify_unsat_split_impl_wrapper checking SML_imp

```

## 4.5 Correctness Theorem

```
context GRAT_loc begin
```

```

lemma verify_unsat3_correct_aux[sep_heap_rules]:
  assumes SEG: liti.seg F_begin lst F_end
  assumes itI[simp]: it_invar F_end it_invar it
  shows
    <DBi ↪a DB>
    verify_unsat3 DBi prf_next F_begin F_end it prf
    <λr. DBi ↪a DB * ↑(¬isl r → F_invar lst ∧ ¬sat (F_α lst))>t
  ⟨proof⟩
    applyS (sep_auto simp: prfi_assn_def prfn_assn_def pure_def)
    applyS (sep_auto dest!: 1 simp: sum.disc_eq_case split: sum.splits)
    applyS (simp add: I_begin)
  ⟨proof⟩
end

```

Main correctness theorem: Given an array  $DBi$  that contains the integers  $DB$ , the verification algorithm does not change the array, and if it returns a non-*Inl* value, the formula in the array is unsatisfiable.

```

theorem verify_unsat_split_impl_wrapper_correct[sep_heap_rules]:
  shows
    <DBi ↪a DB>
    verify_unsat_split_impl_wrapper DBi prf_next F_end it prf
    <λresult. DBi ↪a DB * ↑(¬isl result → verify_unsat_spec DB F_end)>t
  ⟨proof⟩
end

```

## 5 Satisfiability Check

```
theory Sat_Check
imports Grat_Basic
begin
```

### 5.1 Abstract Specification

```
locale sat_input = input it_invar' it_next it_peek it_end for it_invar' :: 'it::linorder ⇒ bool
  and it_next it_peek it_end
```

```
context sat_input begin
```

```

definition read_assignment it ≡ doE {
  let A = Map.empty;
  check_not_end it;
  (A,_) ← EWHILEIT (λ(_,it). it_invar it ∧ it ≠ it_end) (λ(_,it). it_peek it ≠ litZ) (λ(A,it). doE {
    (l,it) ← parse_literal it;
    check_not_end it;
    CHECK (sem_lit' l A ≠ Some False) (mk_errit STR "Contradictory assignment" it);
    let A = assign_lit A l;
    ERETURN (A,it)
  })
}
```

```

}) (A,it);
ERETURN A
}

```

We merely specify that this does not fail, i.e. termination and assertions.

```

lemma read_assignment_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
it_invar it ==> read_assignment it ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ_. True)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition read_clause_check_sat itE it A ≡ doE {
EASSERT (it_invar it ∧ it_invar itE ∧ itran itE it_end);
parse_lz
(mk_errit STR "Parsed beyond end" it)
litZ itE it (λ_. True) (λx r. doE {
let l = lit_α x;
ERETURN (r ∨ (sem_lit' l A = Some True))
}) False
}

```

```

lemma read_clause_check_sat_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
[itran it itE; it_invar itE] ==>
read_clause_check_sat itE it A
≤ ESPEC
(λ_. True)
(λ(it',r). ∃l. lz_string litZ it l it' ∧ itran it' itE
∧ (r ↔ sem_clause' (clause_α l) A = Some True))
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition check_sat it itE A ≡ doE {
tok_fold itE it (λit _. doE {
(it',r) ← read_clause_check_sat itE it A;
CHECK (r) (mk_errit STR "Clause not satisfied by given assignment" it);
ERETURN (it',())
}) ()
}

```

```
term sem_cnf
```

```

lemma obtain_compat_assignment: obtains σ where compat_assignment A σ
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma check_sat_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
[seg it lst itE; it_invar itE] ==> check_sat it itE A
≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ_. F_invar lst ∧ sat (F_α lst))
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition verify_sat F_begin F_end it ≡ doE {
A ← read_assignment it;
check_sat F_begin F_end A
}

```

```

lemma verify_sat_correct[THEN ESPEC_trans, refine_vcg]:
[seg F_begin lst F_end; it_invar F_end; it_invar it]
==> verify_sat F_begin F_end it ≤ ESPEC (λ_. True) (λ_. F_invar lst ∧ sat (F_α lst))
⟨proof⟩

```

```
end
```

## 5.2 Implementation

```
context sat_input begin
```

### 5.2.1 Getting Out of Exception Monad

```

synth-definition read_assignment_bd is [enres_unfolds]: read_assignment it =  $\square$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

synth-definition read_clause_check_sat_bd is [enres_unfolds]: read_clause_check_sat itE it A =  $\square$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

synth-definition check_sat_bd is [enres_unfolds]: check_sat it itE =  $\square$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

synth-definition verify_sat_bd is [enres_unfolds]: verify_sat F_begin F_end it =  $\square$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

## 5.3 Extraction from Locales

```

named-theorems extrloc_unfolds

context DB2_loc begin
  sublocale sat_input liti.I liti.next liti.peek liti.end
  ⟨proof⟩
end

concrete-definition (in DB2_loc) read_assignment2_loc
  uses read_assignment_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in DB2_loc) read_assignment2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition read_assignment2 uses DB2_loc.read_assignment2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in DB2_loc) read_assignment2.refine[OF DB2_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in DB2_loc) read_clause_check_sat2_loc
  uses read_clause_check_sat_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in DB2_loc) read_clause_check_sat2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition read_clause_check_sat2 uses DB2_loc.read_clause_check_sat2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in DB2_loc) read_clause_check_sat2.refine[OF DB2_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in DB2_loc) check_sat2_loc
  uses check_sat_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in DB2_loc) check_sat2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition check_sat2 uses DB2_loc.check_sat2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in DB2_loc) check_sat2.refine[OF DB2_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

concrete-definition (in DB2_loc) verify_sat2_loc
  uses verify_sat_bd_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in DB2_loc) verify_sat2_loc.refine[extrloc_unfolds]
concrete-definition verify_sat2 uses DB2_loc.verify_sat2_loc_def[unfolded extrloc_unfolds]
declare (in DB2_loc) verify_sat2.refine[OF DB2_loc_axioms, extrloc_unfolds]

```

### 5.3.1 Synthesis of Imperative Code

```

context
  fixes DB :: clausedb2
  fixes frml_end :: nat
begin
  interpretation DB2_def_loc DB frml_end ⟨proof⟩

  term read_assignment2

  sepref-definition read_assignment3 is uncurry read_assignment2
    :: liti.a_assnk *a liti.it_assnk →a error_assn +a assignment_assn
    ⟨proof⟩

  sepref-register read_assignment2 :: int list ⇒ nat ⇒ (nat error + i_assignment) nres

```

```

lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = read_assignment3.refine

term read_clause_check_sat2
sepref-definition read_clause_check_sat3 is uncurry3 read_clause_check_sat2
  :: liti.a_assnk *a liti.it_assnk *a liti.it_assnk *a assignment_assnk →a error_assn +a liti.it_assn ×a bool_assn
  ⟨proof⟩
sepref-register read_clause_check_sat2 :: int list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ i_assignment ⇒ (nat error + nat × bool) nres
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = read_clause_check_sat3.refine

term check_sat2
sepref-definition check_sat3 is uncurry3 check_sat2
  :: liti.a_assnk *a liti.it_assnk *a liti.it_assnk *a assignment_assnk →a error_assn +a unit_assn
  ⟨proof⟩
sepref-register check_sat2 :: int list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ i_assignment ⇒ (nat error + unit) nres
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = check_sat3.refine

term verify_sat2
sepref-definition verify_sat3 is uncurry3 verify_sat2
  :: liti.a_assnk *a liti.it_assnk *a liti.it_assnk *a liti.it_assnk →a error_assn +a unit_assn
  ⟨proof⟩
sepref-register verify_sat2 :: int list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ (nat error + unit) nres
lemmas [sepref_fr_rules] = verify_sat3.refine

end

definition verify_sat_impl_wrapper DBi F_end ≡ do {
  lenDBi ← Array.len DBi;
  if (0 < F_end ∧ F_end ≤ lenDBi) then
    verify_sat3 DBi 1 F_end F_end
  else
    return (Inl (STR "Invalid arguments", None, None))
}

export-code verify_sat_impl_wrapper checking SML_imp

```

## 5.4 Correctness Theorem

```

context DB2_loc begin
  lemma verify_sat3_correct:
    assumes SEG: liti.seg F_begin lst F_end
    assumes itI[simp]: it_invar F_end it_invar it
    shows <DBi ↪a DB> verify_sat3 DBi F_begin F_end it <λr. DBi ↪a DB * ↑(¬isl r → F_invar lst ∧ sat
(F_α lst)) >t
    ⟨proof⟩
    applyS sep_auto
    applyS (sep_auto dest!: 1 simp: sum.disc_eq_case split: sum.splits)
    applyS (simp add: I_begin)
    ⟨proof⟩

end

theorem verify_sat_impl_wrapper_correct[sep_heap_rules]:
  shows
    <DBi ↪a DB>
    verify_sat_impl_wrapper DBi F_end
    <λresult. DBi ↪a DB * ↑(¬isl result → verify_sat_spec DB F_end)>t
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

## 6 Code Generation and Summary of Correctness Theorems

```
theory Grat_Check_Code_Exporter
imports Unsat_Check Unsat_Check_Split_MM Sat_Check
begin
```

### 6.1 Code Generation

We generate code for `verify_unsat_impl_wrapper` and `verify_sat_impl_wrapper`.

The first statement is a sanity check, that will make our automated regression tests fail if the generated code does not compile.

The second statement actually exports the two main functions, and some auxiliary functions to convert between SML and Isabelle integers, and to access the sum data type of Isabelle, which is used to encode the checker's result.

```
export-code
  verify_unsat_impl_wrapper
  verify_unsat_split_impl_wrapper
  verify_sat_impl_wrapper
  checking SML_imp

export-code
  verify_sat_impl_wrapper
  verify_unsat_impl_wrapper
  verify_unsat_split_impl_wrapper
  int_of_integer
  integer_of_int
  integer_of_nat
  nat_of_integer

  isl projl projr Inr Inl Pair
in SML_imp module-name Grat_Check file code/gratchk_export.sml
```

### 6.2 Summary of Correctness Theorems

In this section, we summarize the correctness theorems for our checker

The precondition of the triples just state that their is an integer array, which contains the DIMACS representation of the formula in the segment from indexes  $[1..<F\_end]$ . The postcondition states that the array is not changed, and, if the checker does not fail, the  $F\_end$  index will be in range, the DIMACS representation of the formula is valid, and the represented formula is satisfiable or unsatisfiable, respectively.

Note that this only proved soundness of the checker, that is, the checker may always fail, but if it does not, we guarantee a valid and (un)satisfiable formula.

```
theorem
<DBi  $\mapsto_a$  DB>
  verify_sat_impl_wrapper DBi F_end
  < $\lambda$ result. DBi  $\mapsto_a$  DB *  $\uparrow(\neg\text{isl result} \longrightarrow \text{verify\_sat\_spec DB F\_end})$  >t
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
theorem
<DBi  $\mapsto_a$  DB>
  verify_unsat_impl_wrapper DBi F_end it
  < $\lambda$ result. DBi  $\mapsto_a$  DB *  $\uparrow(\neg\text{isl result} \longrightarrow \text{verify\_unsat\_spec DB F\_end})$  >t
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
theorem
shows
<DBi  $\mapsto_a$  DB>
  verify_unsat_split_impl_wrapper DBi prf_next F_end it prf
  < $\lambda$ result. DBi  $\mapsto_a$  DB *  $\uparrow(\neg\text{isl result} \longrightarrow \text{verify\_unsat\_spec DB F\_end})$  >t
  ⟨proof⟩
```

The specifications for a formula being valid and satisfiable/unsatisfiable can be written up in a very concise way, only relying on basic list operations and the notion of a consistent assignment of truth values to integers.

An assignment is consistent, if each non-zero integer is assigned the opposite of its negated value.

```
lemma assn_consistent  $\sigma \longleftrightarrow (\forall l. l \neq 0 \rightarrow \sigma l = (\neg \sigma (-l)))$ 
  <proof>
```

The input described a valid and satisfiable formula, iff the  $F\_end$  index is in range, the corresponding DIMACS string is empty or ends with a zero, and there is a consistent assignment such that each represented clause contains a true literal.

```
lemma
  verify_sat_spec  $DB F\_end \equiv 1 \leq F\_end \wedge F\_end \leq \text{length } DB \wedge ($ 
    let lst = tl (take F_end DB) in
     $(lst \neq [] \rightarrow \text{last } lst = 0)$ 
     $\wedge (\exists \sigma. \text{assn\_consistent } \sigma \wedge (\forall C \in \text{set} (\text{tokenize } 0 lst). \exists l \in \text{set } C. \sigma l)))$ 
  <proof>
```

The input describes a valid and unsatisfiable formula, iff  $F\_end$  is in range and does not describe the empty DIMACS string, the DIMACS string ends with zero, and there exists no consistent assignment such that every clause contains at least one literal assigned to true.

```
lemma
  verify_unsat_spec  $DB F\_end \equiv 1 < F\_end \wedge F\_end \leq \text{length } DB \wedge ($ 
    let lst = tl (take F_end DB) in
     $\text{last } lst = 0$ 
     $\wedge (\nexists \sigma. \text{assn\_consistent } \sigma \wedge (\forall C \in \text{set} (\text{tokenize } 0 lst). \exists l \in \text{set } C. \sigma l)))$ 
  <proof>
```

**end**